



FIRSTBEAT

LIFESTYLE ASSESSMENT: IMPROVE YOUR WELL-BEING

Tiina Hoffman



CONTENTS OF TRAINING (PARTS 1 +2)

PRE-TRAINING TASK: Make a measurement on yourself

The 1st step in the training process is to complete your own 3-day measurement, analyze the data, create reports and bring them to training session 1.

TRAINING PART I

Contents:

- Introductions and goals of training
- Interpretation of reports (group feedback model)
- *Practice*: Conclusions of your own assessment
- Physiological basis of the method
- *Practice*: Interpretation of different results
- Conducting the Lifestyle Assessment
- Instructions for the independent practice period

PRACTICE PERIOD (2—4 weeks)

During this period you should complete two Lifestyle Assessments to someone else (e.g. colleague or family member) and give them feedback about the results.

TRAINING PART II

Contents:

1. Discussion of the practice task (conducted assessments)
2. Estimating the reliability of results
3. Group assessments

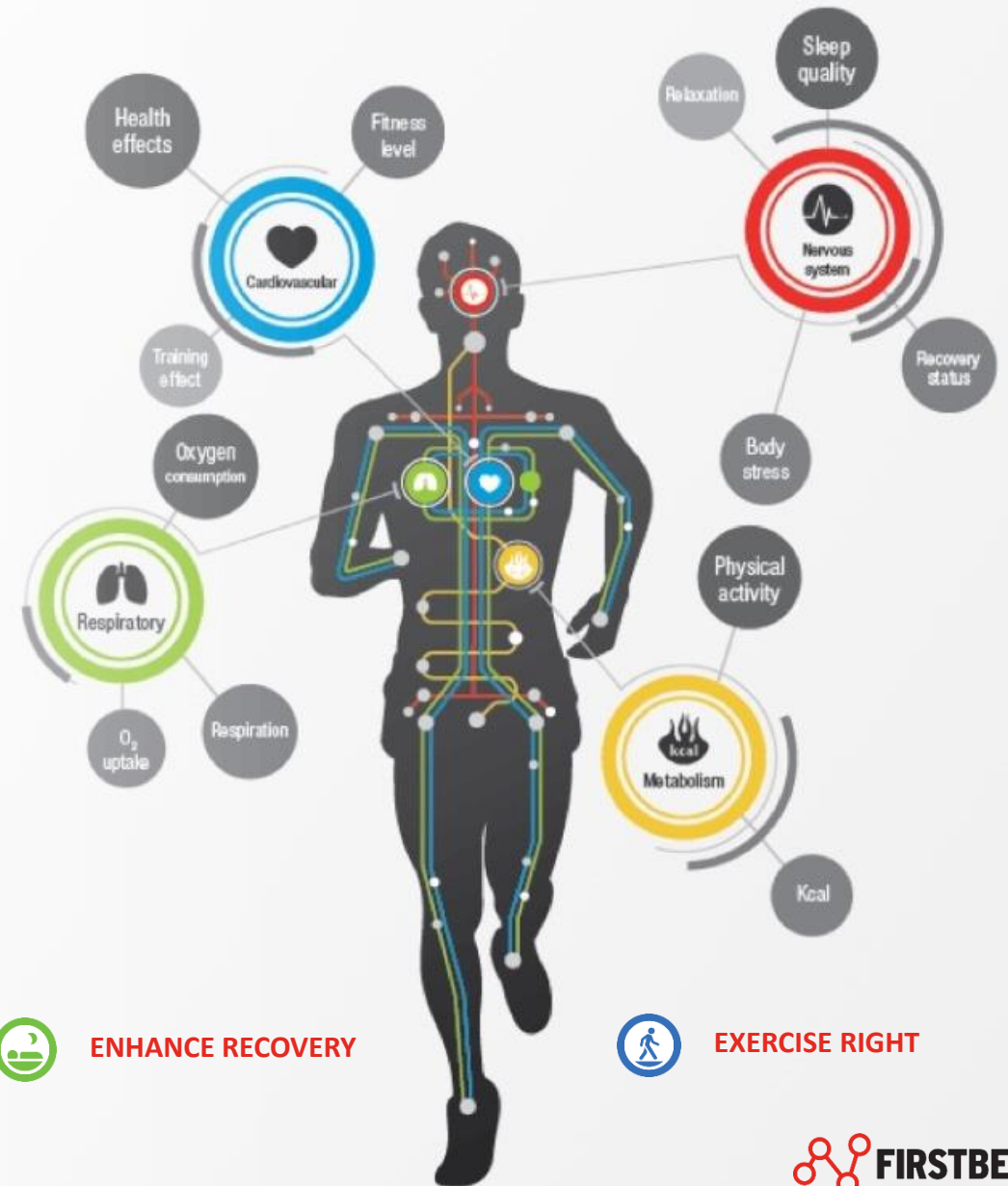
GOALS OF FIRSTBEAT USER TRAINING

- Firstbeat Lifestyle Assessment User Training gives you the necessary skills and knowledge to interpret Firstbeat Lifestyle Assessment reports and act as a Lifestyle Assessment Specialist.
- After the training, you will be able to:
 - Conduct a Firstbeat Lifestyle Assessment to your client
 - Interpret assessment reports and understand different types of results
 - Provide quality feedback to your client and discuss appropriate goals and action steps



FIRSTBEAT

- Established in 2002 as a spin-off from Research Institute for Olympic Sports and University of Jyväskylä, Finland
- Based on 20 years of research and experience in heartbeat and heart rate variability
- Firstbeat has created a unique digital model of the physiology that turns heartbeat data into personal feedback
- We bring near laboratory accuracy and technology used by professional athletes to everyone



LEADING HEARTBEAT ANALYTICS FOR

Professional Sports

Over 700 elite teams worldwide use Firstbeat Solutions



Consumer Products

Firstbeat is the leading licensor of heartbeat analytics technology – our innovations are integrated into over 70 consumer devices.



Wellness Services

The Firstbeat Lifestyle Assessment is used by hundreds of healthcare providers around the world to support employees such as



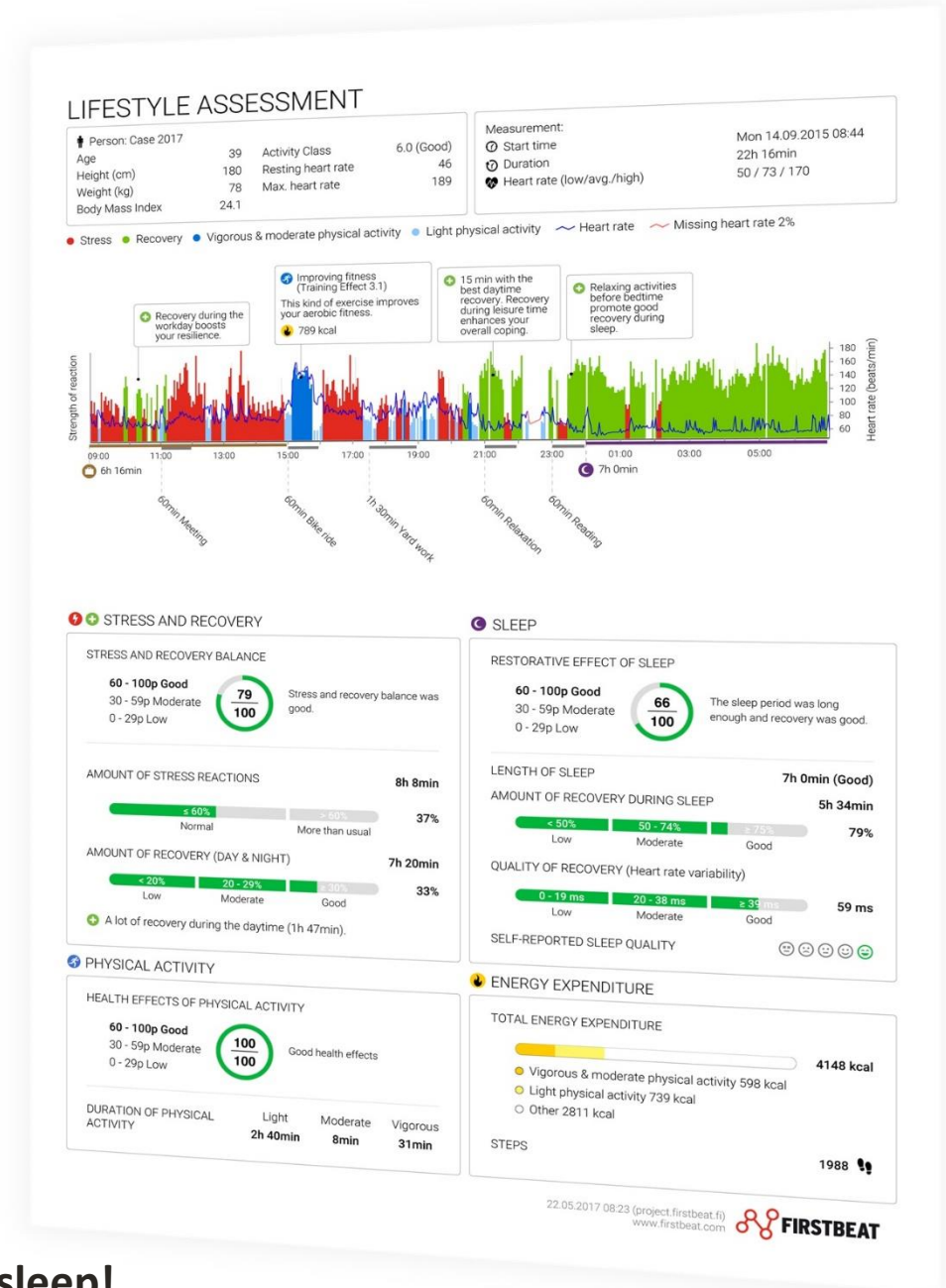
FIRSTBEAT LIFESTYLE ASSESSMENT

Helps you understand the state of your well-being and what to do to improve it.

 **Manage stress**
Recognize activities that cause stress

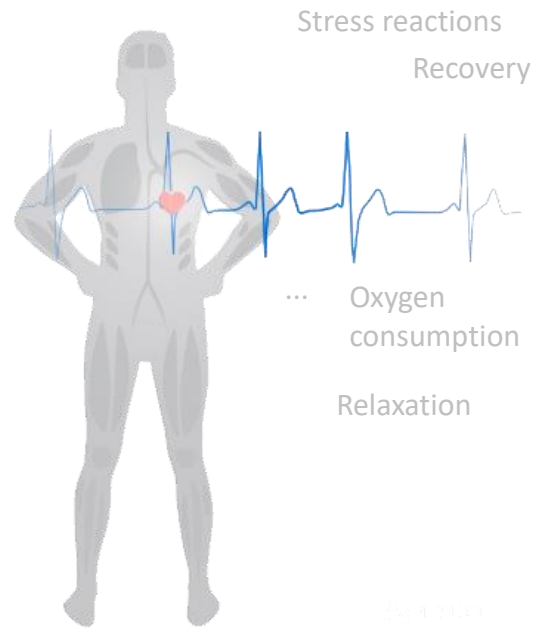
 **Enhance recovery**
See how you recover during sleep

 **Exercise right**
See the effect of your exercise



A comprehensive look at well-being during work, leisure and sleep!

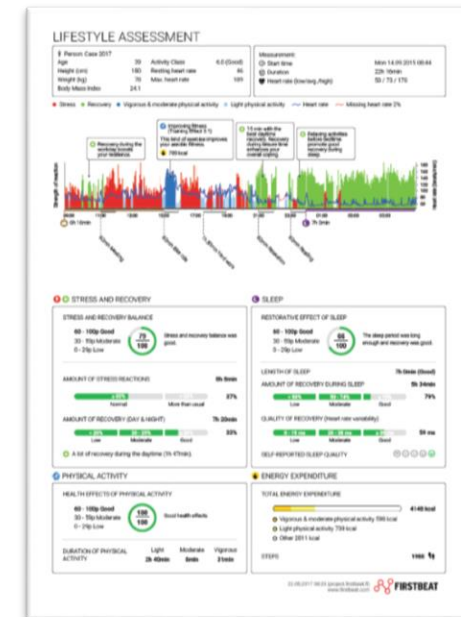
LIFESTYLE ASSESSMENT BACKGROUND



Heart rate variability (HRV) contains information about key physiological functions



Firstbeat measures heart rate variability to analyze these functions



Firstbeat produces a comprehensive report about personal well-being



INTERPRETATION OF REPORTS: LIFESTYLE ASSESSMENT GROUP FEEDBACK



PRE-QUESTIONNAIRE

PRE-QUESTIONNAIRE REPORT

Profile

Ellie Example

Measurement start date

01.01.2012

Questionnaire results

I think I am physically active enough to get health benefits.

😊 Partially agree

I think my physical activity is intensive enough to improve my fitness.

😞 Partially disagree

In my opinion, my eating habits are healthy.

😊 Completely agree

I feel that my alcohol consumption is not excessive.

😊 Partially agree

I don't generally feel stressed.

😞 Partially disagree

My days include breaks that allow me to recover.

😊 Partially agree

I usually feel rested and energetic.

😞 Partially disagree

I feel that I sleep enough.

😊 Partially agree

I feel that I can influence the things that affect my health.

😊 Completely agree

In my opinion, I feel well at the moment.

😊 Partially agree

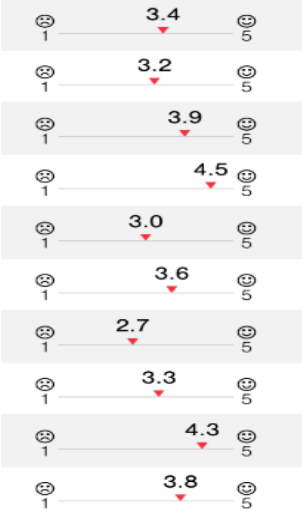


Scale of answers:


- Completely agree
- Partially agree
- Cannot say
- Partially disagree
- Completely disagree





[Average answers](#)

(Firstbeat database 2016)



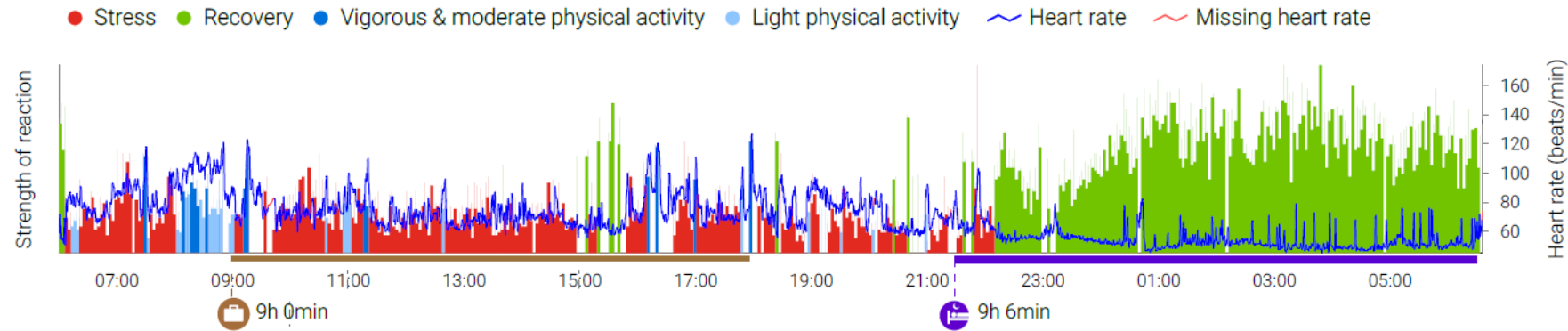
PERSONAL AND MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

 Person: Ellie Example			
Age	43	Activity Class	4.0 (Average)
Height (cm)	164	Resting heart rate	46
Weight (kg)	60	Max. heart rate	175
Body Mass Index	22.3		

Measurement:	
 Start time	Fri 24.02.2012 07:14
 Duration	26h 45min
 Heart rate (low/avg./high)	53 / 69 / 134
Additional information:  Alcohol 4 units	

- **Resting heart rate** = the lowest measured heart rate (HR) value. The analysis might also recommend a lower value (based on pre-questionnaire, alcohol consumption, poor subjective sleep). Typical range is 40-60. A low resting HR often correlates with a good fitness level.
- **Max. heart rate** = unless known, the analysis estimates the max.HR based on age. Formula: $210 - (0,65 * \text{age})$.
- Daily information shows the lowest and highest measured HR + average HR during the measurement day.
- Average HR normally 60-85 beats/min.
- Daily journal markings re. number of units of alcohol.

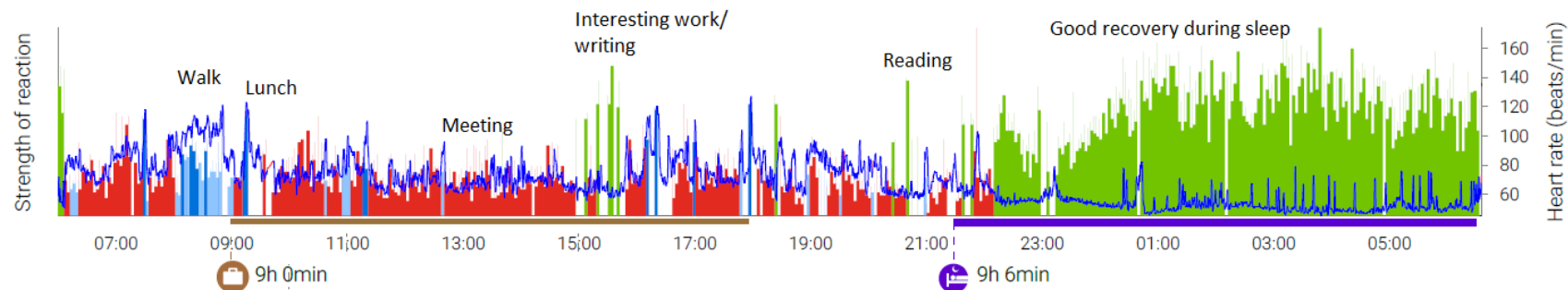
WHAT DO THE DIFFERENT COLORS MEAN?



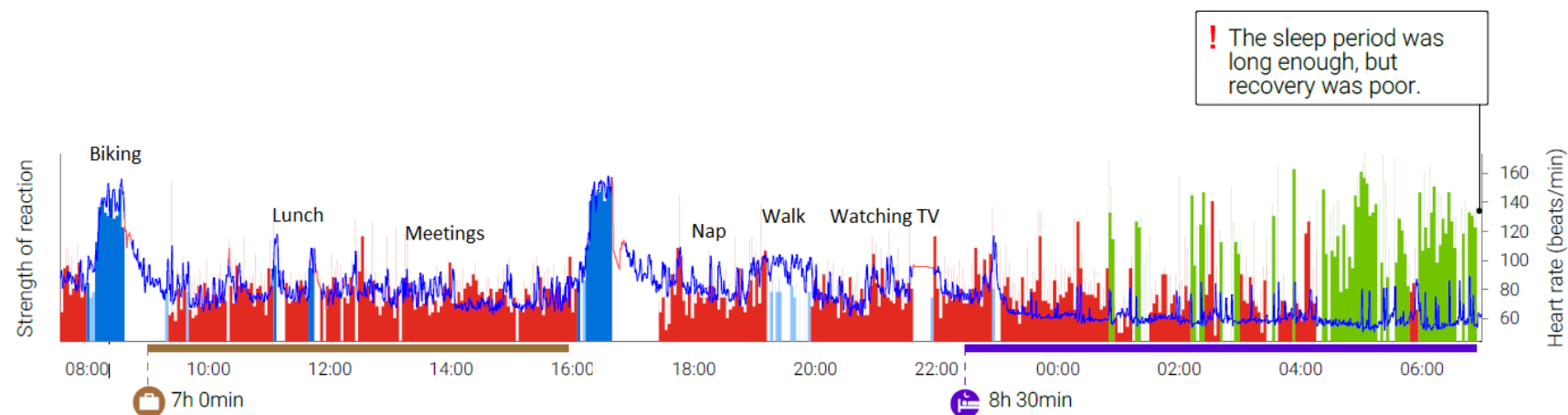
● Stress reaction	● Recovery	●● Physical activity	Other state
<p>Increased activation level in the body. The reaction can be positive or negative. Sympathetic dominance.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heart rate ↑ Respiration frequency ↑ Heart rate variability ↓ Oxygen uptake <20% of maximal capacity (VO2max) 	<p>Calming down of the body. Parasympathetic dominance.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heart rate ↓ Respiration frequency ↓ Heart rate variability ↑ Oxygen uptake <20% of maximal capacity (VO2max) 	<p>Physical load during which energy expenditure is significantly increased from the resting level (over 2 MET).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vigorous physical activity: an intensity of over 60% Moderate physical activity: an intensity between 40-60% Light physical activity: an intensity between 20-40% of maximal performance 	<p>Other state (white) is typically:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recovery from exercise Low-level physical activity Short awakenings during sleep Missing data periods (for example during a shower)

POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE STRESS?

Positive stress activates the body and improves efficiency, and in general does not disturb recovery or sleep.



Negative stress keeps the body constantly activated (wired) and prevents recovery while resting or sleeping.

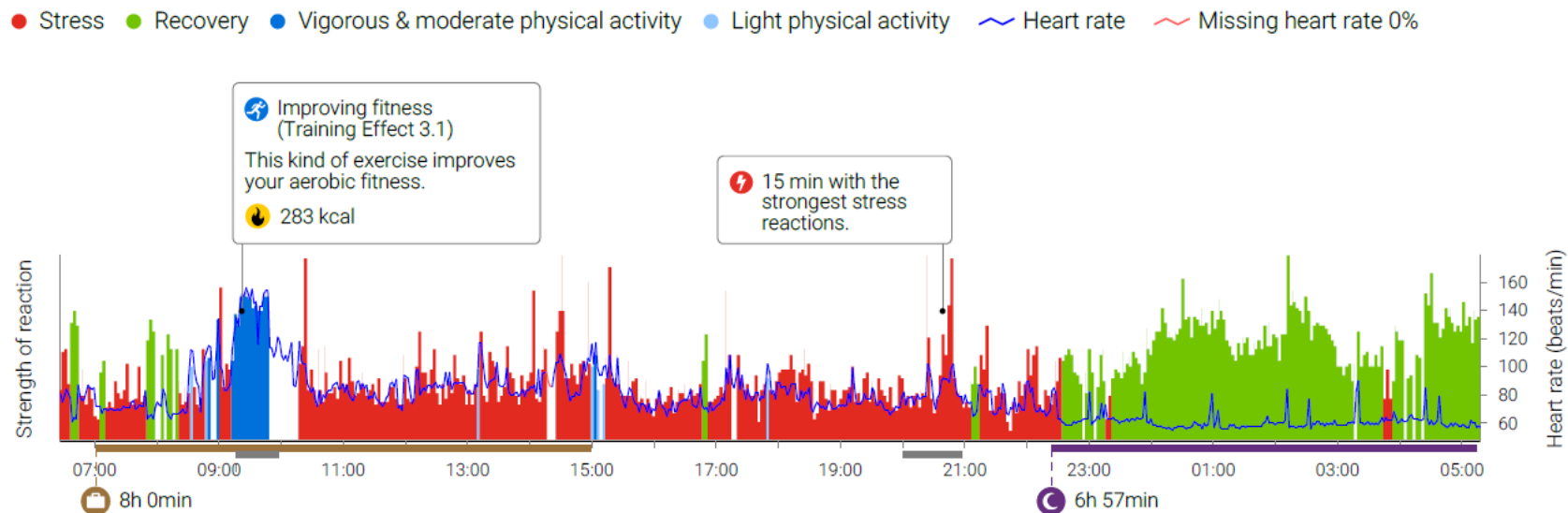


WHAT DOES YOUR DAY LOOK LIKE?

Do you recover during the day?
(e.g. break / relaxation moment)

What are the health and fitness
effects of your exercise?

Is your sleep restorative?

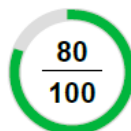


HEALTH EFFECTS OF PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

60 - 100p Good

30 - 59p Moderate

0 - 29p Low



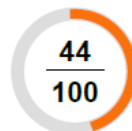
Good health effects

STRESS AND RECOVERY BALANCE

60 - 100p Good

30 - 59p Moderate

0 - 29p Low



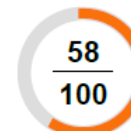
Stress and recovery balance was moderate.

RESTORATIVE EFFECT OF SLEEP

60 - 100p Good

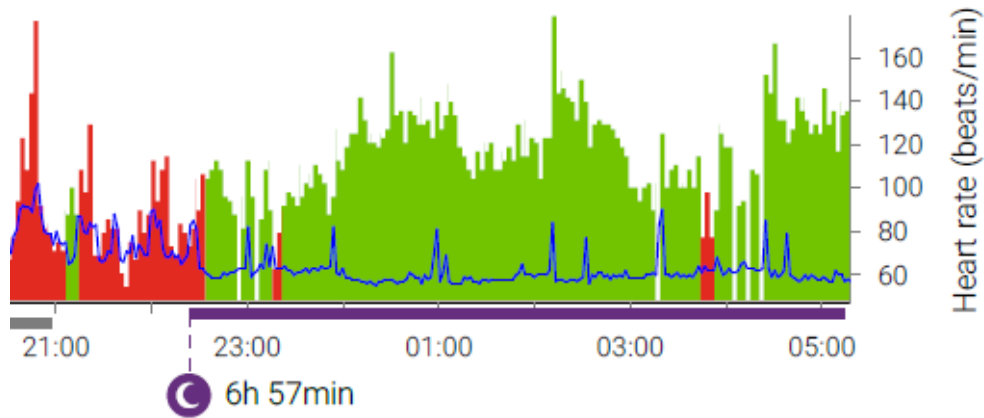
30 - 59p Moderate

0 - 29p Low



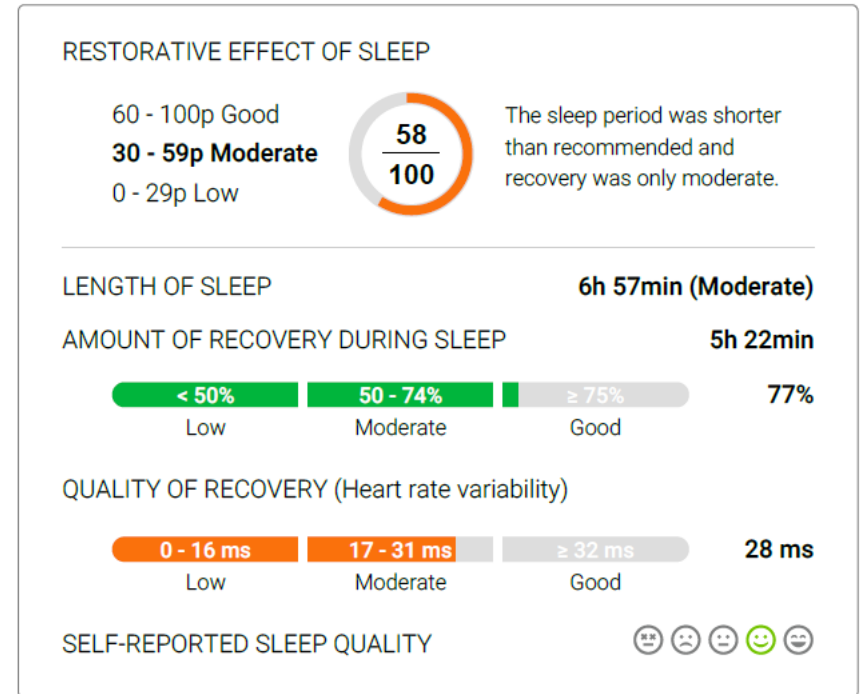
The sleep period was shorter than recommended and recovery was only moderate.

DO YOU RECOVER DURING SLEEP?



- **Length of sleep** means sleep duration as recorded in the journal, from going to bed to waking up.
- **Amount of recovery during sleep** is on average 60% (Firstbeat 2016).
- **Quality of recovery** = average amount of heart rate variability during sleep, in reference to your age group.

SLEEP



RECOGNIZE YOUR STRESSORS

WEAK NIGHTTIME RECOVERY

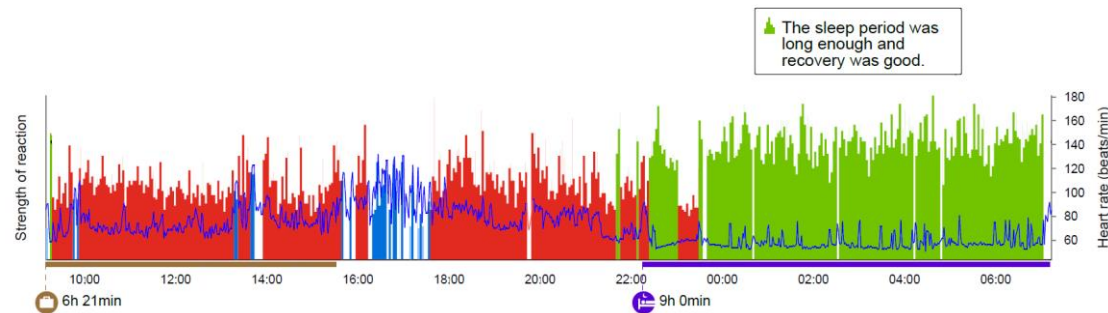


- Alcohol
- Illnesses and medications
- Pain
- Work stress
- Chronic sleep problems
- Shift work, jetlag
- Intensive exercise before bed or a physically overloading day
- Stressful activities before bedtime (e.g. work emails/chores)
- Stimulants or stimulating activities (e.g. computer games)
- Poor fitness level
- Overweight
- Menopause
- Negative emotions and thoughts

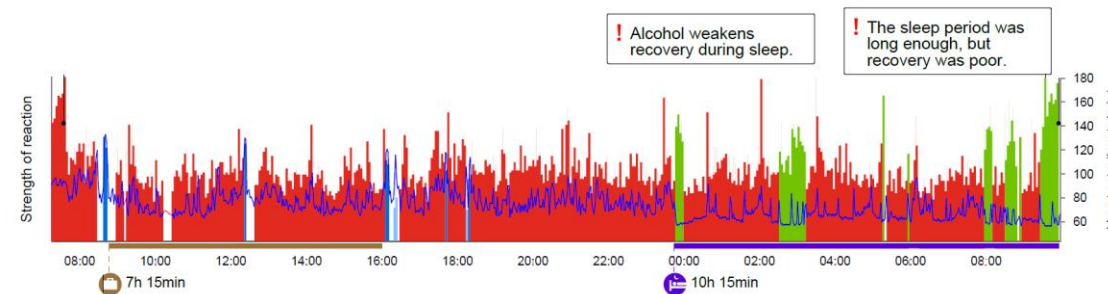
ALCOHOL WEAKENS RECOVERY

44-year-old healthy woman, BMI 21.3

● Stress ● Recovery ● Vigorous & moderate physical activity ● Light physical activity ● Heart rate ● Missing heart rate



● Stress ● Recovery ● Vigorous & moderate physical activity ● Light physical activity ● Heart rate ● Missing heart rate

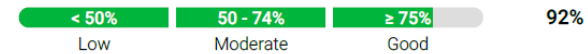


Thursday

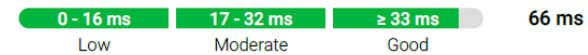
No alcohol, lowest heart rate 40

LENGTH OF SLEEP **7h 15min (Good)**

AMOUNT OF RECOVERY DURING SLEEP **6h 39min**



QUALITY OF RECOVERY (Heart rate variability)



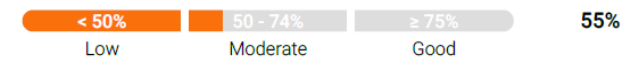
SELF-REPORTED SLEEP QUALITY 😊😊😊😊😊😊

Friday

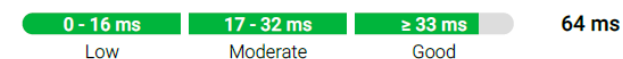
3 portions of alcohol, lowest heart rate 43

LENGTH OF SLEEP **9h 15min (Good)**

AMOUNT OF RECOVERY DURING SLEEP **5h 5min**



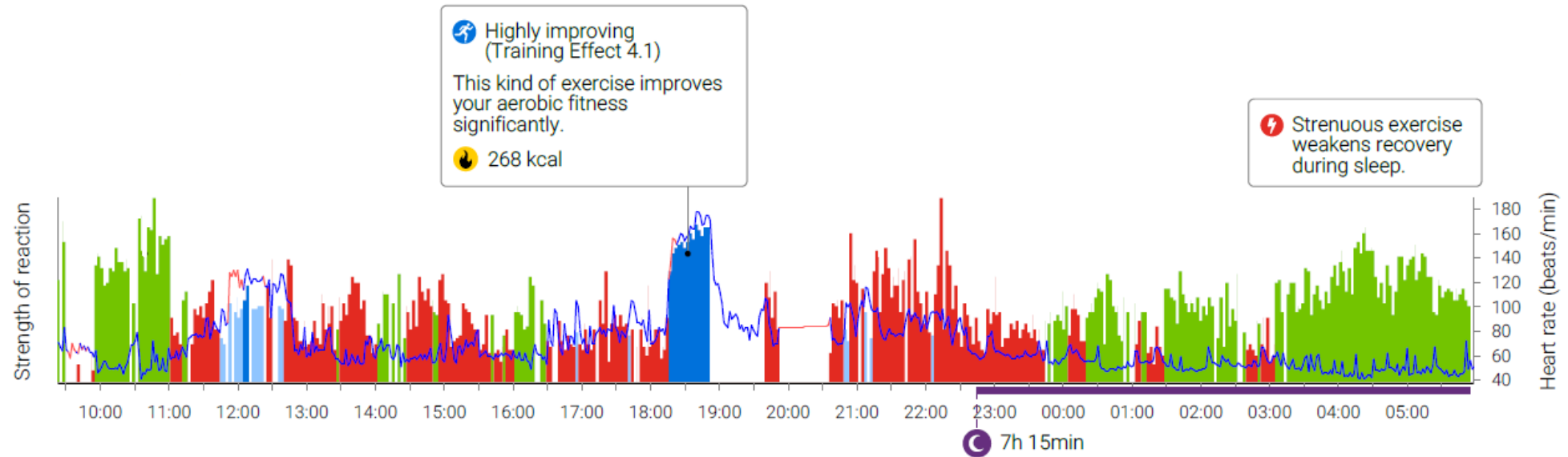
QUALITY OF RECOVERY (Heart rate variability)



SELF-REPORTED SLEEP QUALITY 😊😊😊😊😊😊

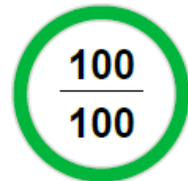
INTENSIVE EXERCISE CAN DELAY OPTIMAL NIGHTTIME RECOVERY

● Stress ● Recovery ● Vigorous & moderate physical activity ● Light physical activity ~ Heart rate ~ Missing heart rate 10%



HEALTH EFFECTS OF PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

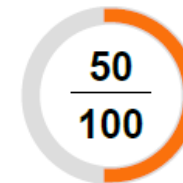
60 - 100p Good
30 - 59p Moderate
0 - 29p Low



Good health effects

RESTORATIVE EFFECT OF SLEEP

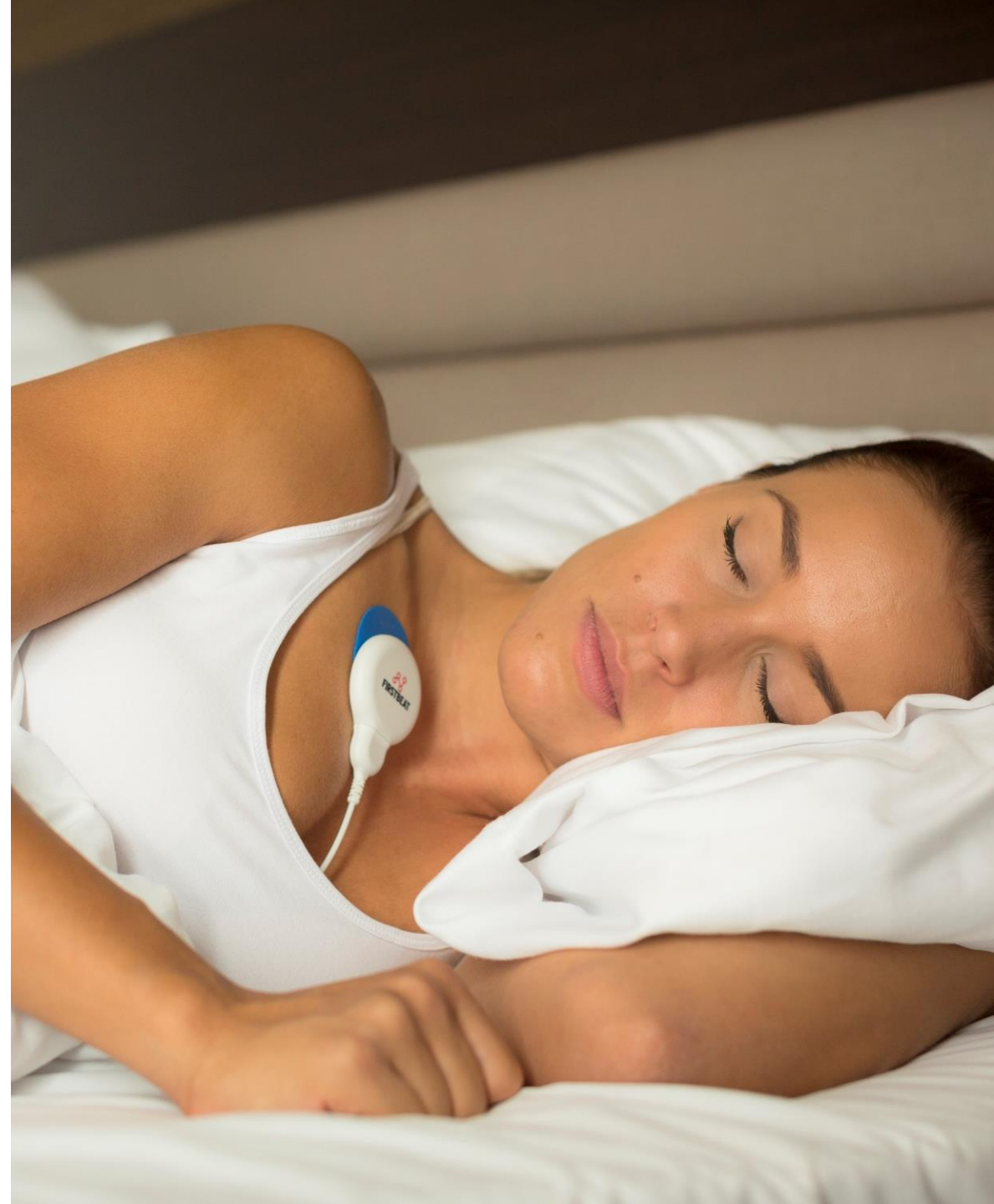
60 - 100p Good
30 - 59p Moderate
0 - 29p Low



The sleep period was long enough, but recovery was only moderate.

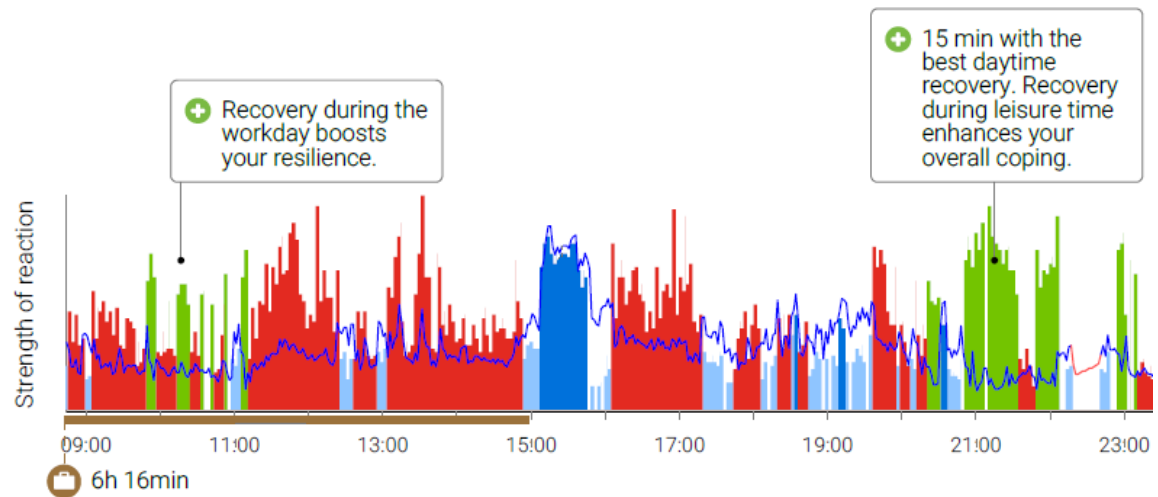
TIPS FOR GOOD SLEEP

- Avoid stressors / factors known to weaken recovery (e.g. alcohol, stimulants)
- Avoid high-intensity exercise within 3-4 hours before sleep
- Learn to *slow down* in the evening (e.g. reading, listening to music, relaxation exercises)
- Regular sleep rhythm and sleep preparation routines
- Pleasant, quiet and dark sleeping area
- Light evening snack that promotes sleep
- Work through worries / stressful things already during the day



DO YOU HAVE RECOVERY MOMENTS DURING THE DAY?

● Stress ● Recovery ● Vigorous & moderate physical activity ● Light physical activity



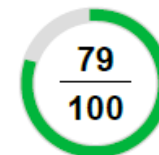
⚡ + STRESS AND RECOVERY

STRESS AND RECOVERY BALANCE

60 - 100p Good

30 - 59p Moderate

0 - 29p Low



Stress and recovery balance was good.

AMOUNT OF STRESS REACTIONS

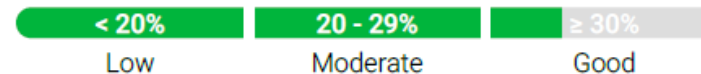
8h 8min



37%

AMOUNT OF RECOVERY (DAY & NIGHT)

7h 20min



33%

+ A lot of recovery during the daytime (1h 47min).



ARE STRESS AND RECOVERY IN BALANCE?

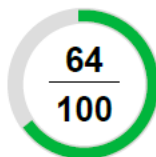
⚡ + STRESS AND RECOVERY

STRESS AND RECOVERY BALANCE

60 - 100p Good

30 - 59p Moderate

0 - 29p Low



Stress and recovery balance was good.

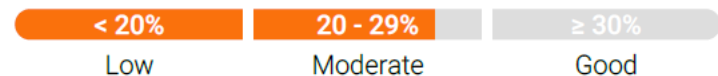
AMOUNT OF STRESS REACTIONS

7h 49min

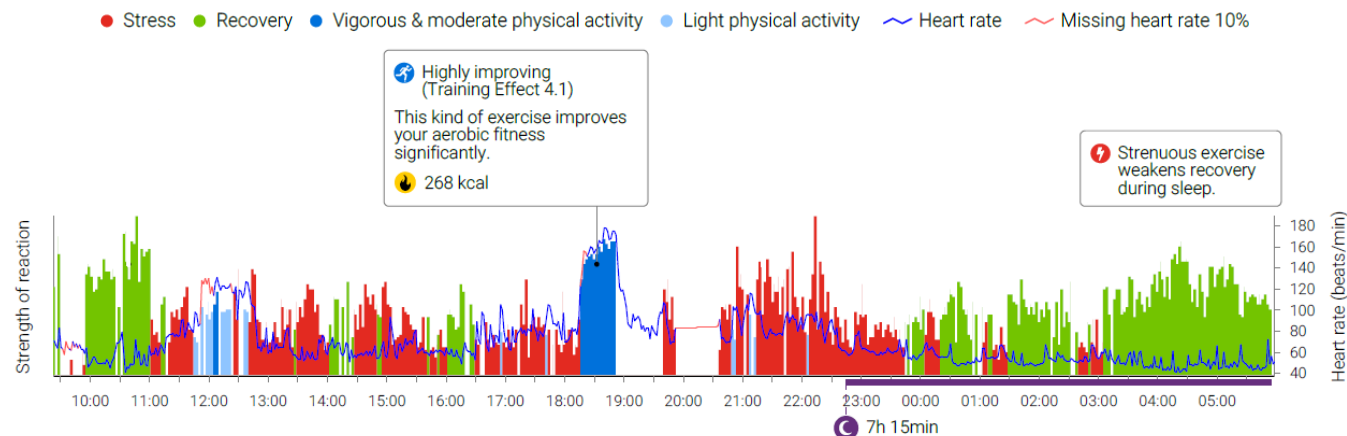


AMOUNT OF RECOVERY (DAY & NIGHT)

5h 38min



+ A lot of recovery during the daytime (1h 25min).



Amount of stress reactions on average 50% / day + night (Firstbeat 2017).

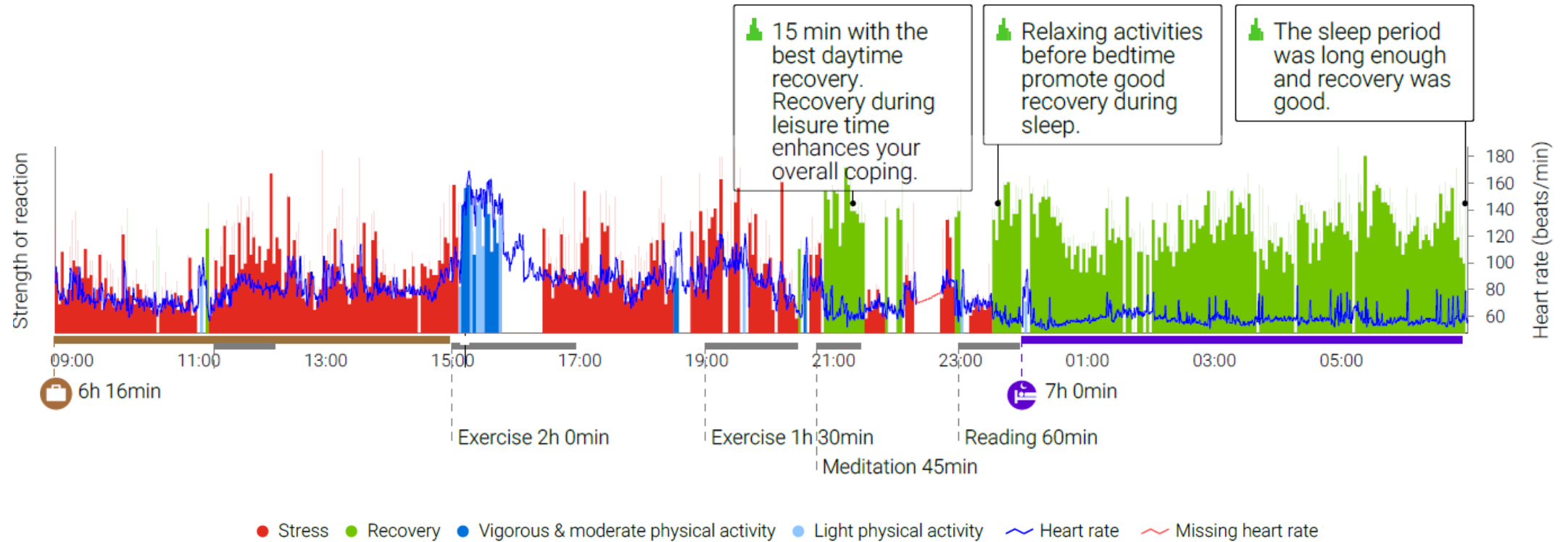
Amount of recovery on average 26% / day + night (Firstbeat 2017).

FIND A MEANINGFUL WAY TO RELAX

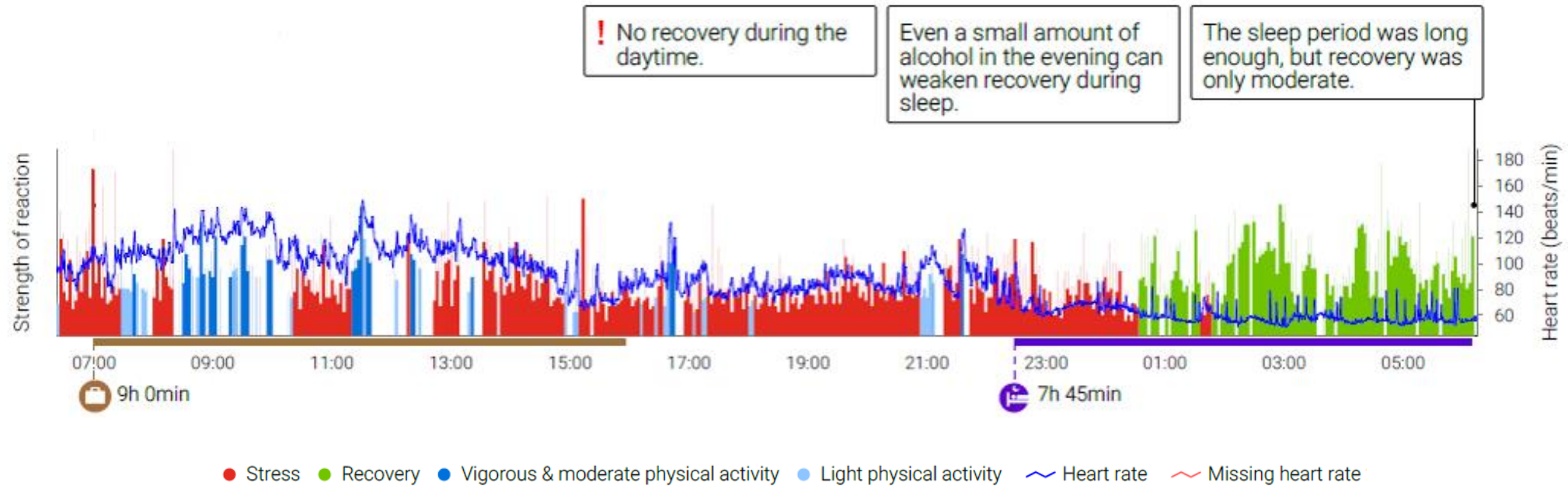
- Relaxation / breathing exercises, meditation, yoga, stretching
- Listening to music, reading, watching TV
- Sauna, baths, heat treatments, massage
- Enjoyable hobbies: playing music, cooking, crafts
- Strolling in nature, fishing, picking berries
- Quality time with pets / family; humour



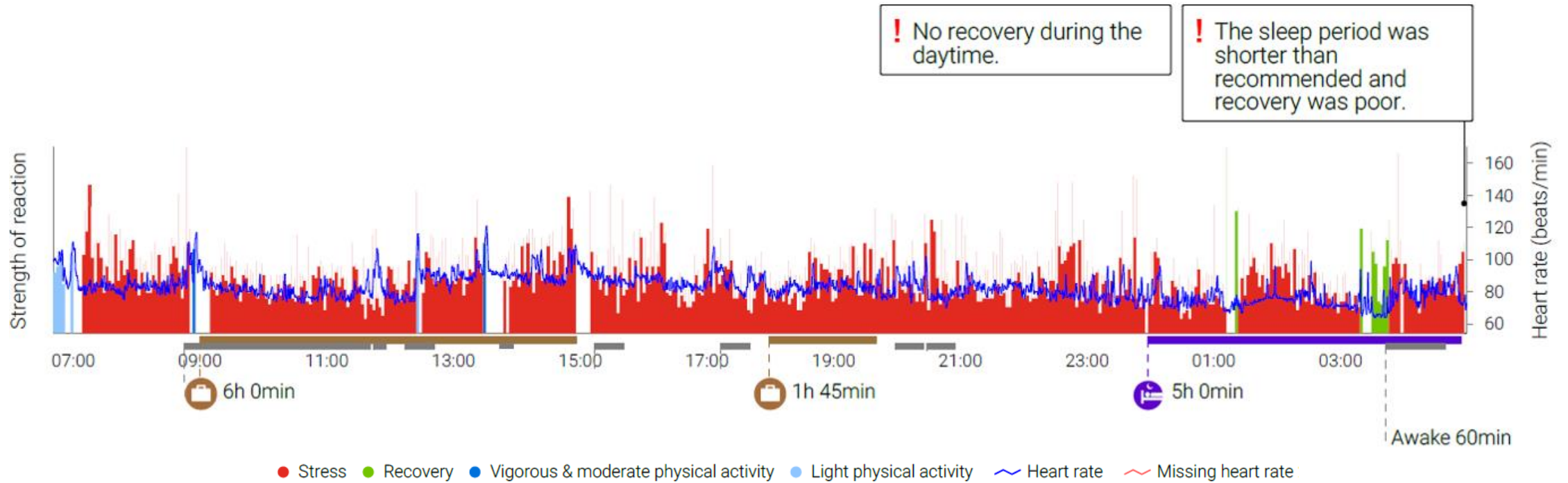
EXAMPLE OF GOOD RECOVERY



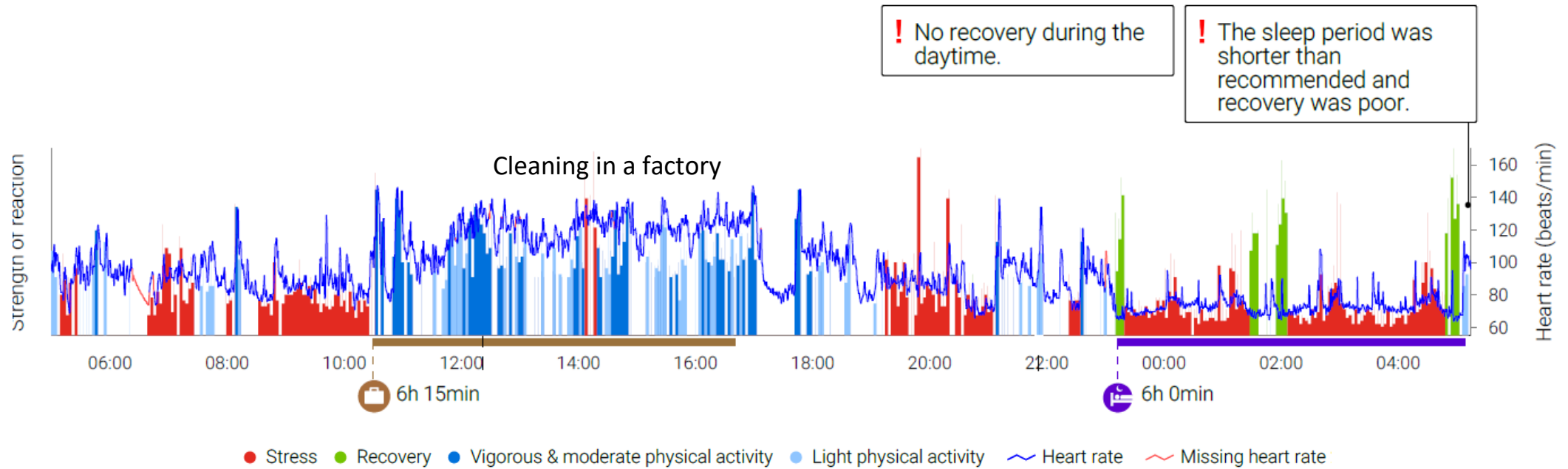
EXAMPLE OF MODERATE RECOVERY



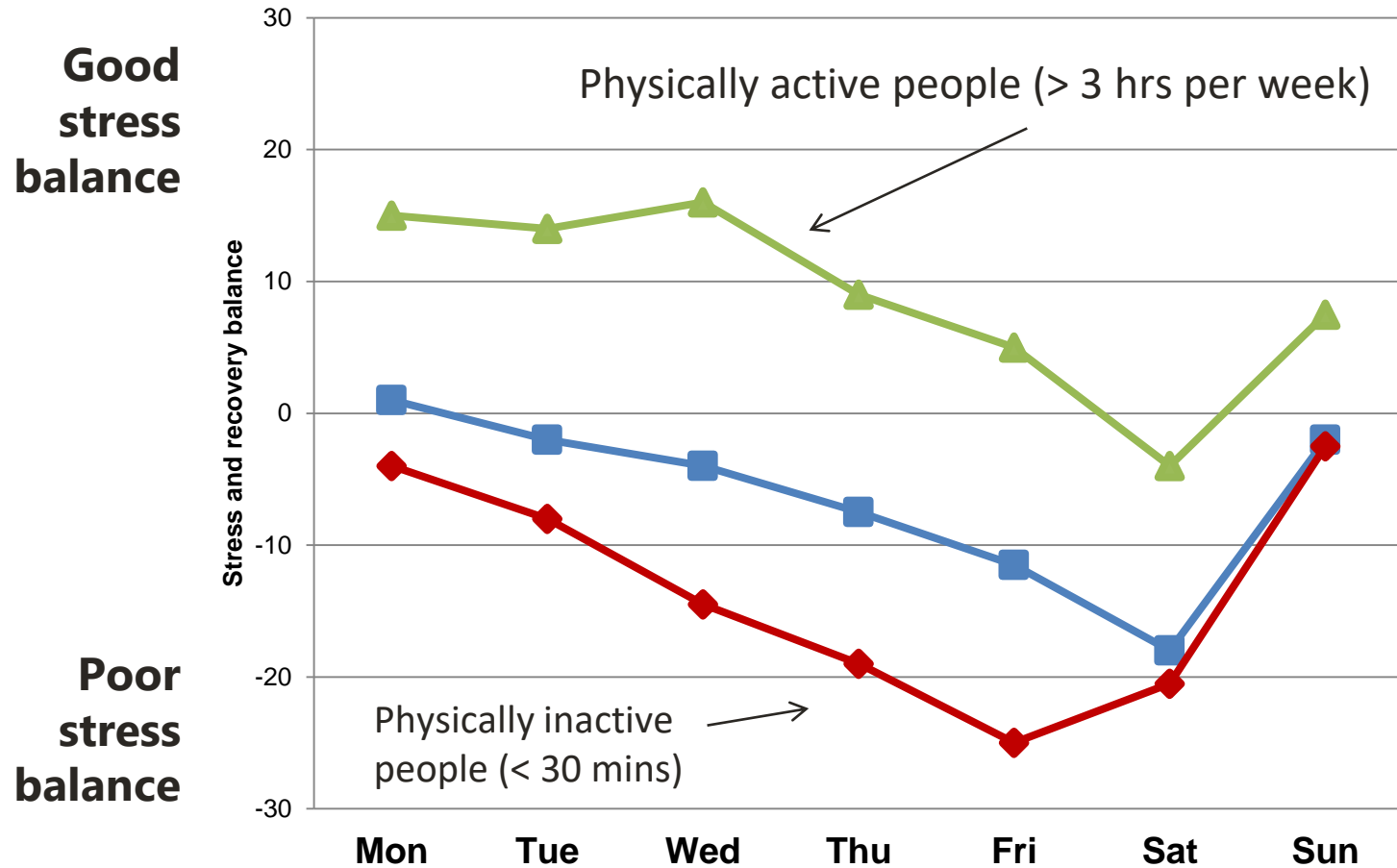
EXAMPLE OF WEAK RECOVERY



POOR FITNESS & HEAVY PHYSICAL WORKLOAD WEAKEN RECOVERY

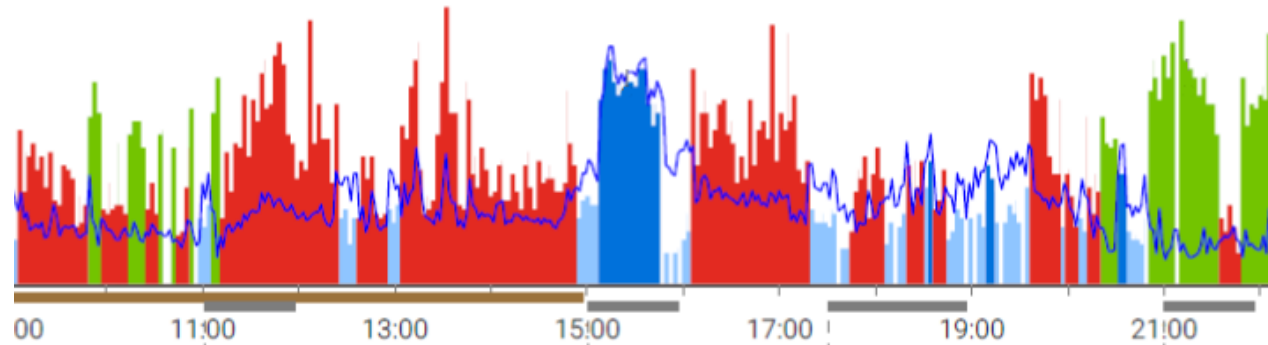


BETTER FITNESS IMPROVES YOUR ABILITY TO RECOVER



- The balance between stress and recovery over 24-hr periods, in relation to physical activity
- Increasing the amount of physical activity by a couple of hours per week improves the ability to recover significantly!

WHAT ARE THE HEALTH EFFECTS OF PHYSICAL ACTIVITY?

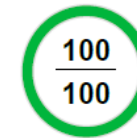


HEALTH EFFECTS OF PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

60 - 100p Good

30 - 59p Moderate

0 - 29p Low



Good health effects

DURATION OF PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

Light
2h 40min

Moderate
8min

Vigorous
31min




- Physical activity score accumulates based on intensity and duration. For the same score, a longer duration of lower intensity activity is required than higher intensity.
- A good score (60p.) can be reached for example with 30 mins of moderate or 20 mins of vigorous physical activity.
- NOTE! This analysis measures how much the physical activity loads your cardiovascular system. The effects of strength or speed training, pilates or flexibility exercise are not reflected here.

ENERGY EXPENDITURE AND STEPS

ENERGY EXPENDITURE

TOTAL ENERGY EXPENDITURE



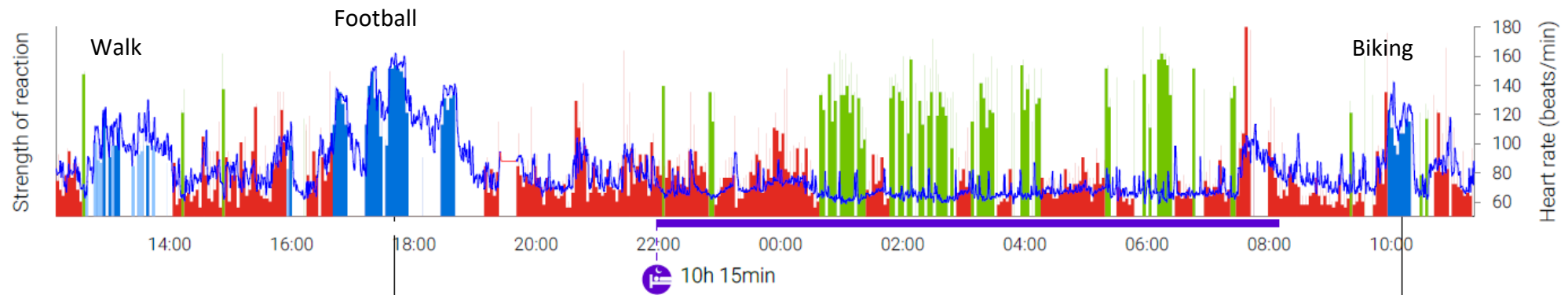
-  Vigorous & moderate physical activity 598 kcal
-  Light physical activity 739 kcal
-  Other 2811 kcal



STEPS



1988 

NOTE! Steps are recognized from the movement data during walking and running. Steps do not accumulate during cycling or very light movement. 10 000+ steps per day characterize a very active day.






DOES YOUR EXERCISE IMPROVE YOUR FITNESS?



 Highly improving
 (Training Effect 4.7)
 This kind of exercise improves
 your aerobic fitness
 significantly.
 607 kcal

 Maintaining fitness
 (Training Effect 2.1)
 This kind of exercise maintains
 your cardiovascular fitness.
 130 kcal

Training effect (TE) tells the effect of the exercise session on aerobic fitness. The scale of TE is 1-5.

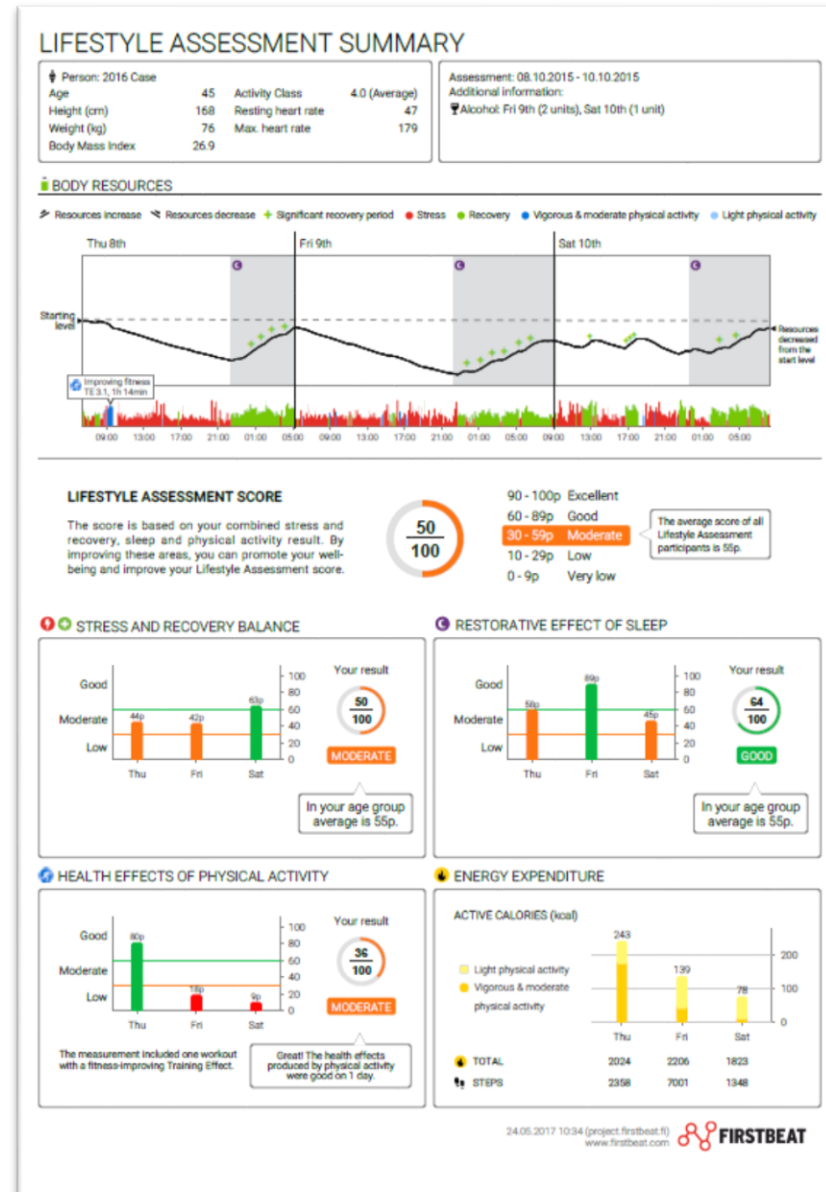
-  5.0 Temporary overreaching
-  4.0 - 4.9 Highly improving
-  3.0 - 3.9 Improving
-  2.0 - 2.9 Maintaining
-  1.0 - 1.9 Easy recovery

BASIC PRINCIPLES OF EXERCISE

- Start moderately. Increasing your training volume or intensity too quickly can cause overtraining or injuries.
- A fit person can handle a harder training load than a beginning exerciser / an unfit person.
- An overloaded body cannot tolerate high-intensity exercise. Many illnesses also put restrictions on the ability to exercise, especially intensively.
- Even a small amount of physical activity daily promotes health. It's better to do something than to be completely inactive.
- Good forms of exercise include for example:
 - Brisk walking, biking, swimming
 - Running, Nordic skiing, heavy physical work
 - Gym training, group exercise, dancing
 - Stretching, coordination exercises, yoga, Pilates



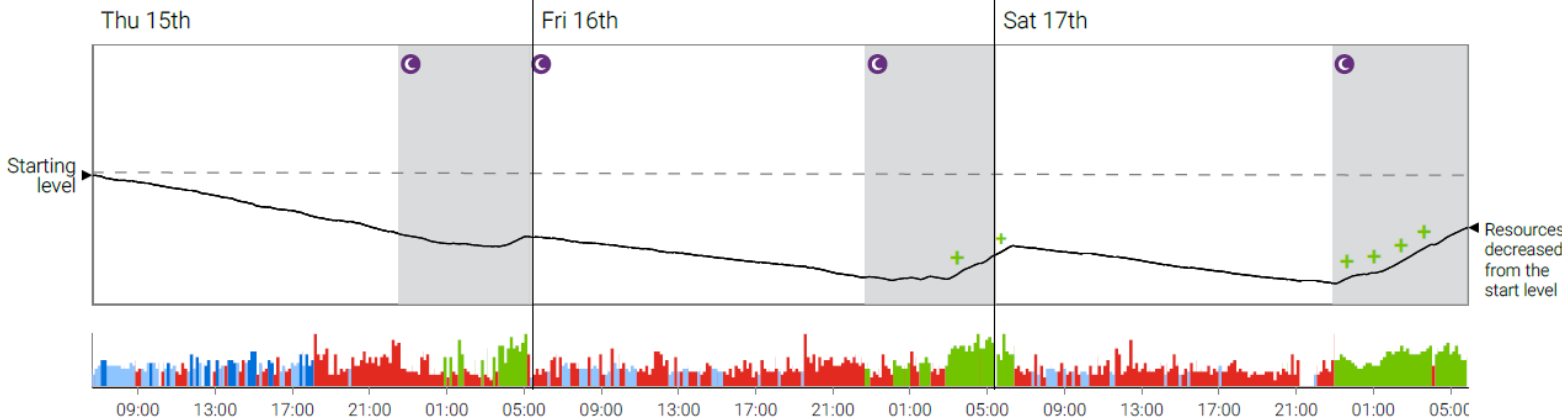
LIFESTYLE ASSESSMENT – SUMMARY OF KEY RESULTS



ARE YOU BUILDING YOUR BODY'S RESOURCES?

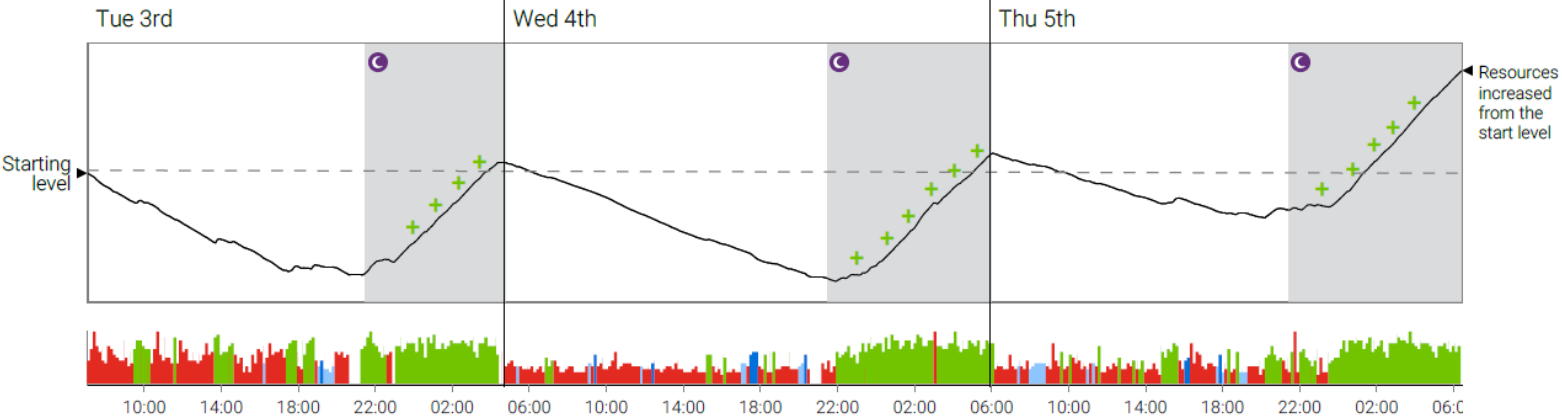
BODY RESOURCES

➤ Resources increase ↘ Resources decrease + Significant recovery period ● Stress ● Recovery ● Vigorous & moderate physical activity ● Light physical activity



BODY RESOURCES

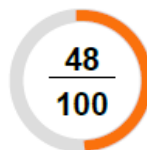
➤ Resources increase ↘ Resources decrease + Significant recovery period ● Stress ● Recovery ● Vigorous & moderate physical activity ● Light physical activity



WHAT WAS YOUR OVERALL SCORE?

LIFESTYLE ASSESSMENT SCORE

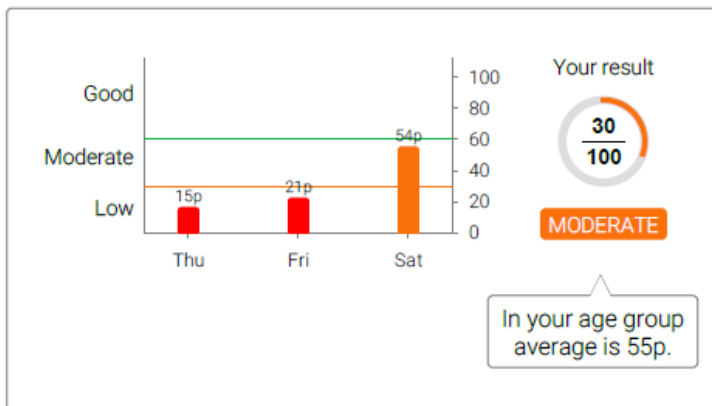
The score is based on your combined stress and recovery, sleep and physical activity result. By improving these areas, you can promote your well-being and improve your Lifestyle Assessment score.



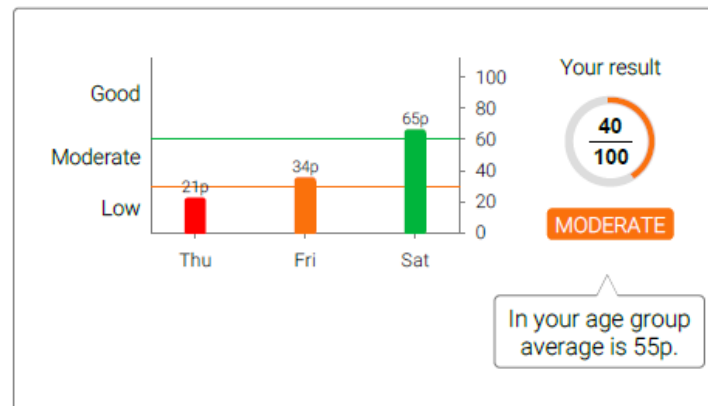
90 - 100p Excellent
 60 - 89p Good
30 - 59p Moderate
 10 - 29p Low
 0 - 9p Very low

The average score of all Lifestyle Assessment participants is 55p.

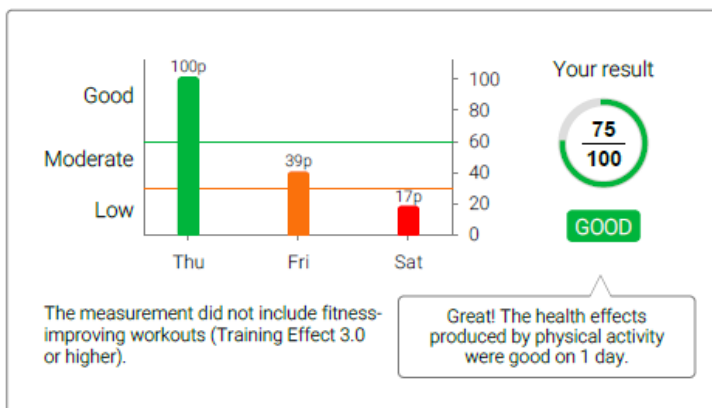
⚡ + STRESS AND RECOVERY BALANCE



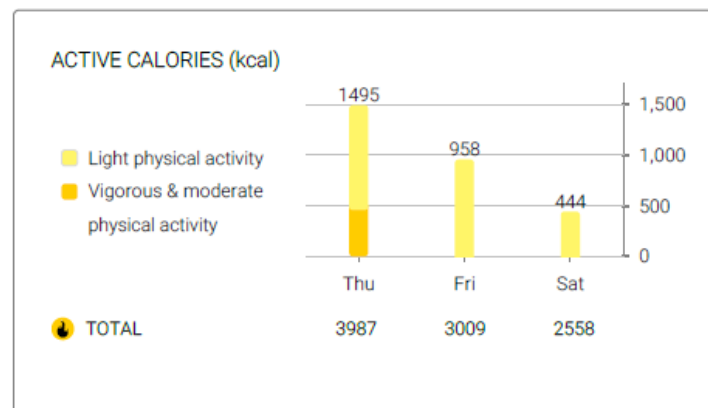
🌙 RESTORATIVE EFFECT OF SLEEP



🏃 HEALTH EFFECTS OF PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

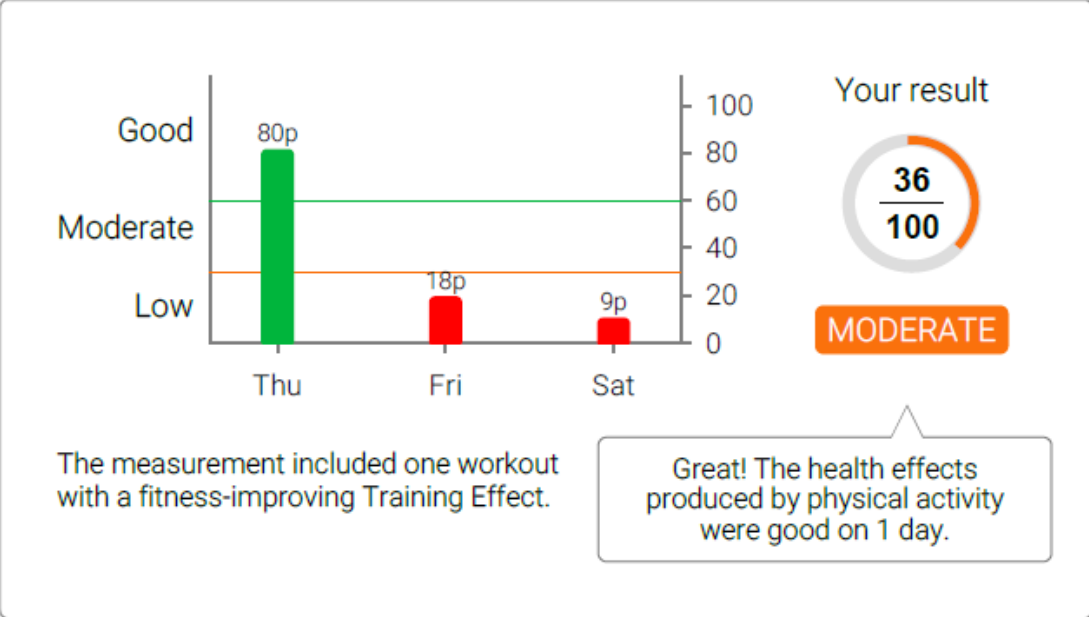


🔥 ENERGY EXPENDITURE

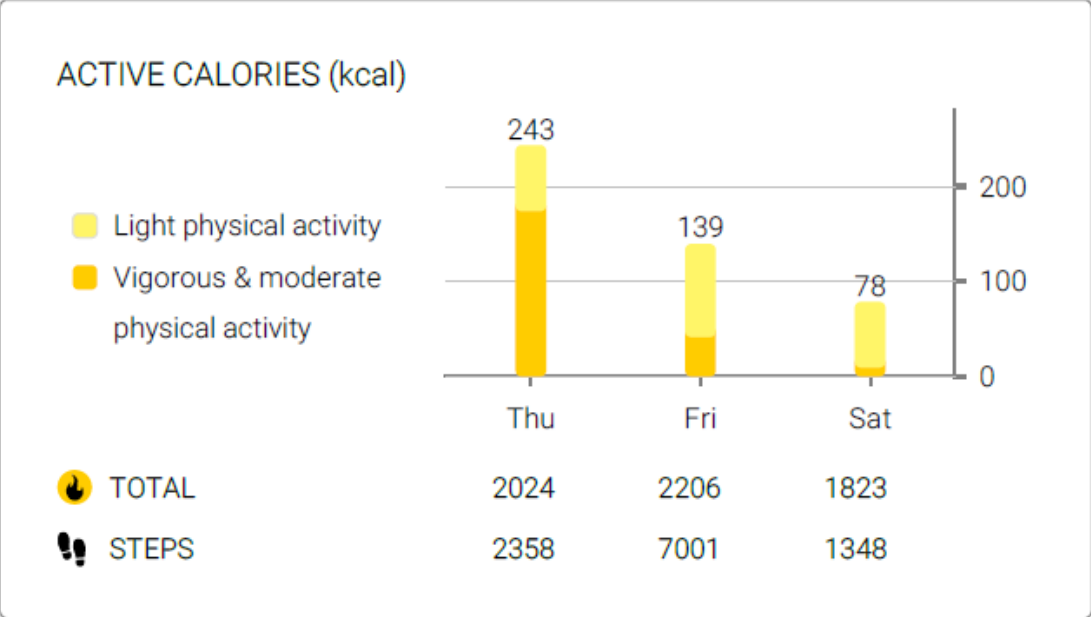


PHYSICAL ACTIVITY, ENERGY EXPENDITURE AND STEPS

HEALTH EFFECTS OF PHYSICAL ACTIVITY



ENERGY EXPENDITURE



SETTING A GOAL

GOALS

Please set some personal goals for making changes in your lifestyle.

Stress management

- I will set a realistic work schedule.
- I will take regular short breaks during the work day.
- After the workday, I will try to disengage from work by doing things that I enjoy.
- I will learn to say "No".

Recovery and sleep

- I will continue to engage in my hobbies because positive experiences enhance my well-being.
- I will try to relax on a regular basis (e.g. relaxation techniques, music, TV, reading).
- I will avoid stressful things just before bedtime (e.g. alcohol, work and electronic devices).
- I will attempt to go to bed early enough to get enough sleep.

Physical activity

- I will find an enjoyable form of exercise to engage in regularly.
- I will increase the amount of light physical activity, e.g. by using the stairs, walking short distances and avoiding uninterrupted sitting.
- I will attempt to engage in physical activity at least ____ times per week.
- I will take care of my muscles by including stretching as part of my weekly exercise routine.

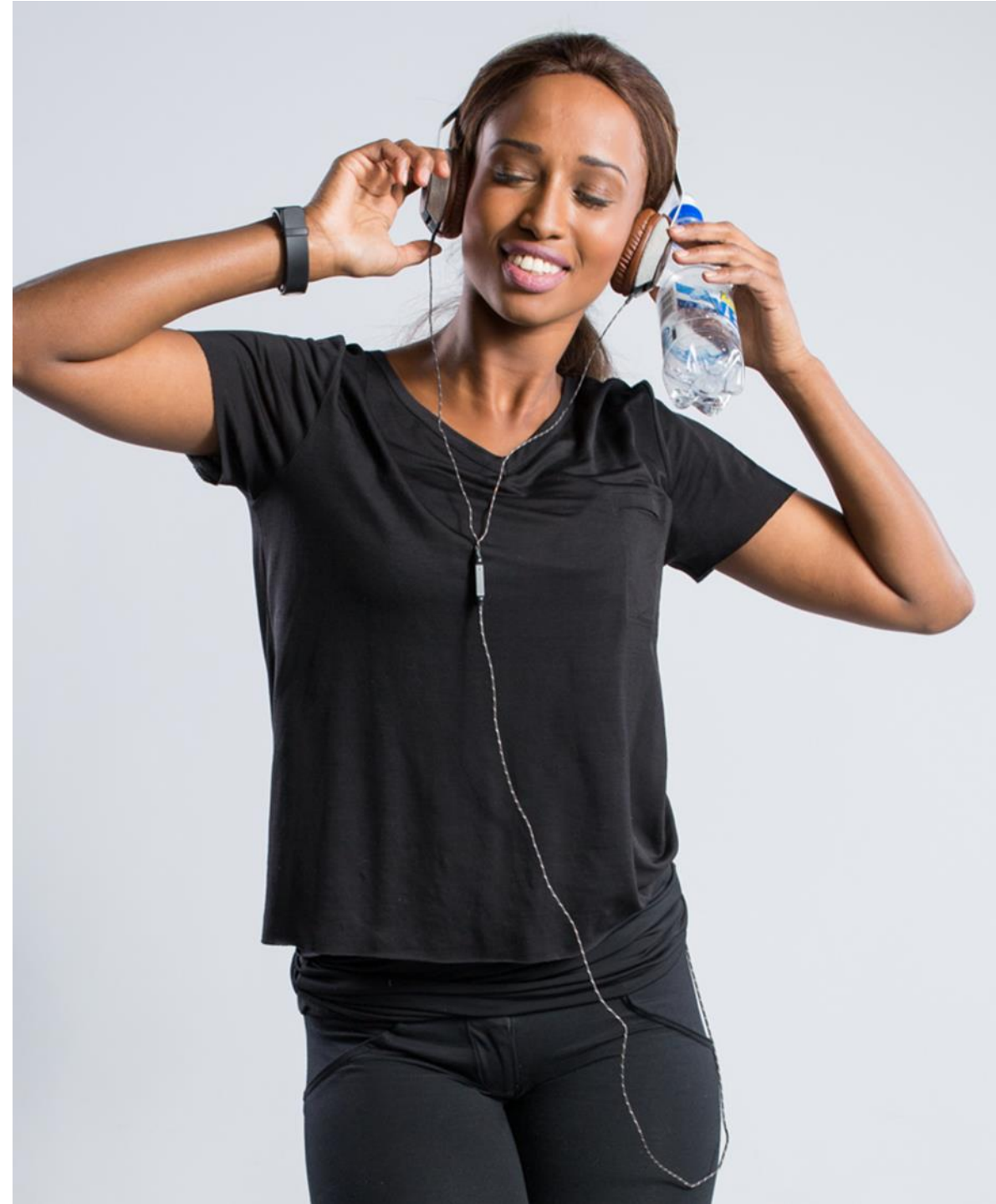
Nutrition

- I will maintain a regular meal rhythm.
- I will pay attention to the quality of what I eat, e.g. avoid products that contain excessive fats, sugar or salt.
- I will lose weight ____ kg.
- I will remember to drink and eat regularly, even when I'm busy.

GOALS THAT PEOPLE TYPICALLY SET TO IMPROVE WELL-BEING

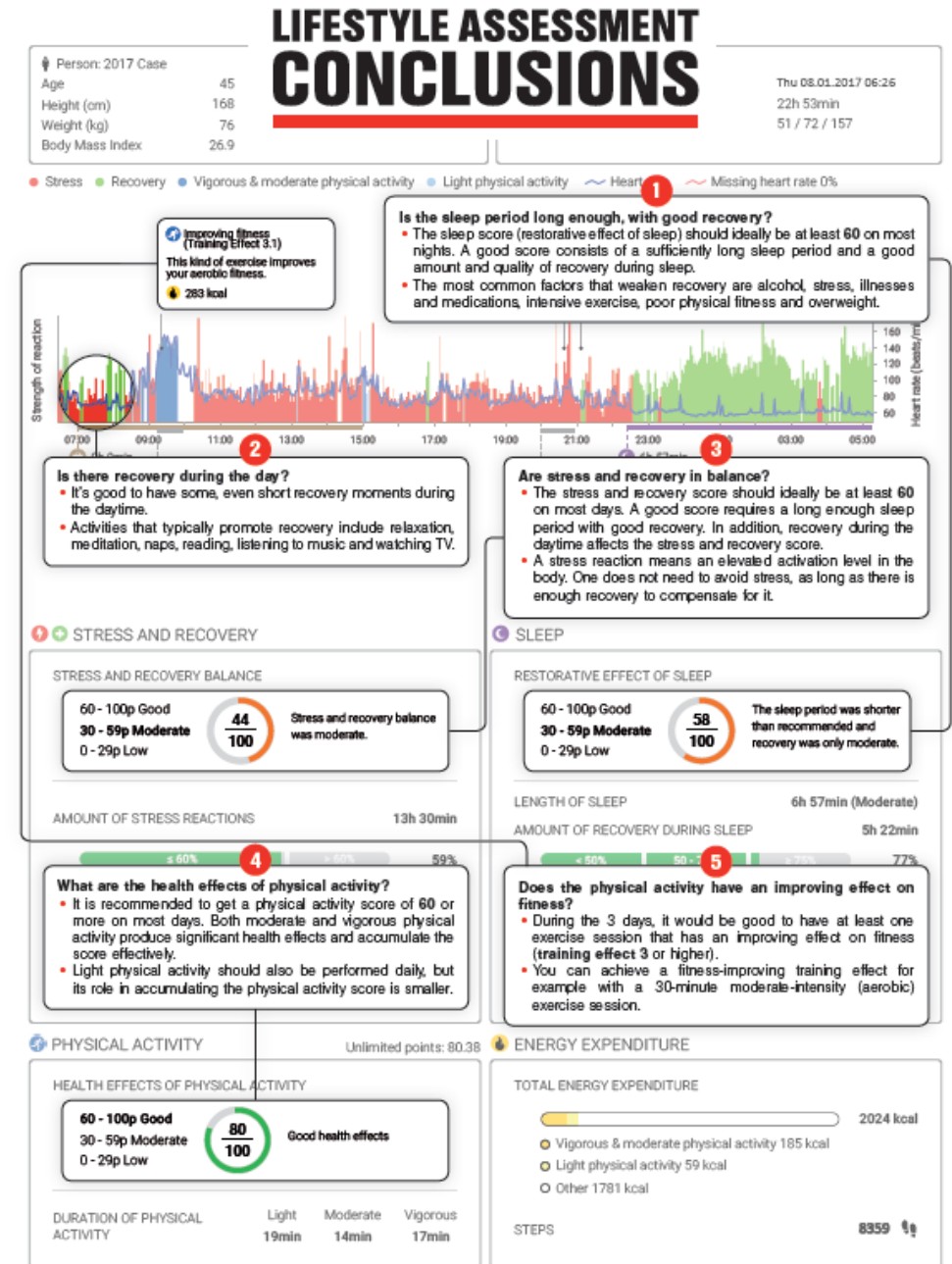
- Identify personal stress factors & learn better stress management
- Make time for even short recovery moments
- Find an enjoyable physical activity
- Increase the amount of sleep (34%)
- Reduce use of alcohol and stimulants

Source: Firstbeat database, app. 100 000 measurements



LIFESTYLE ASSESSMENT CONCLUSIONS

1. Is the sleep period long enough, with good recovery?
2. Is there recovery during the day?
3. Are stress and recovery in balance?
4. What are the health effects of physical activity?
5. Does the physical activity have an improving effect on fitness?



PRACTISE / DISCUSSION

- What kinds of observations / conclusions did you make of your result?
- Name 2 positive things and 2 improvement areas from your own result

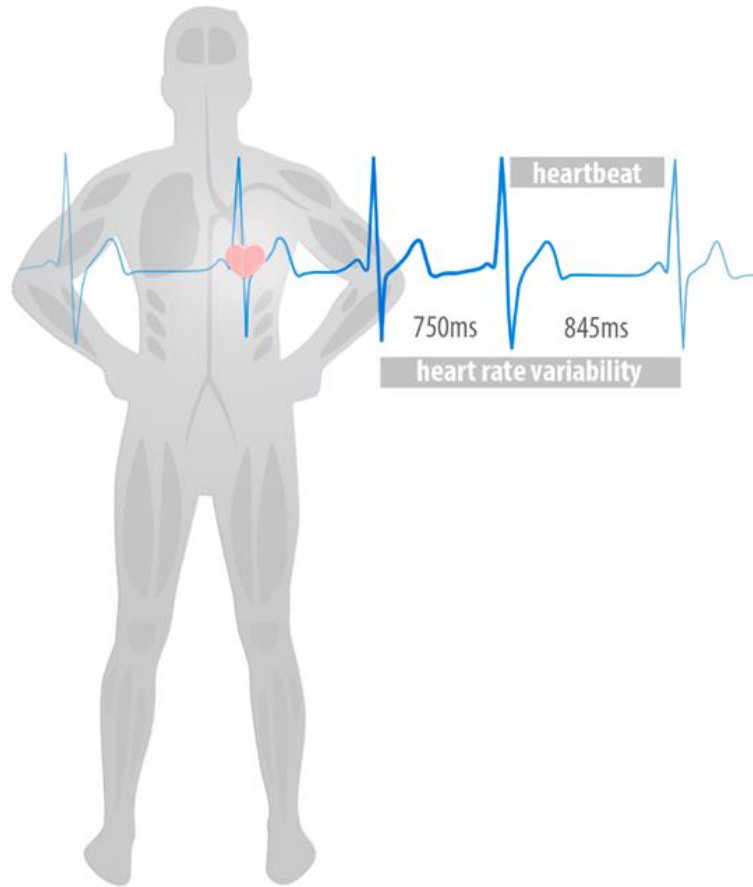




PHYSIOLOGICAL BACKGROUND - HOW TO ANALYZE STRESS FROM HEART RATE?



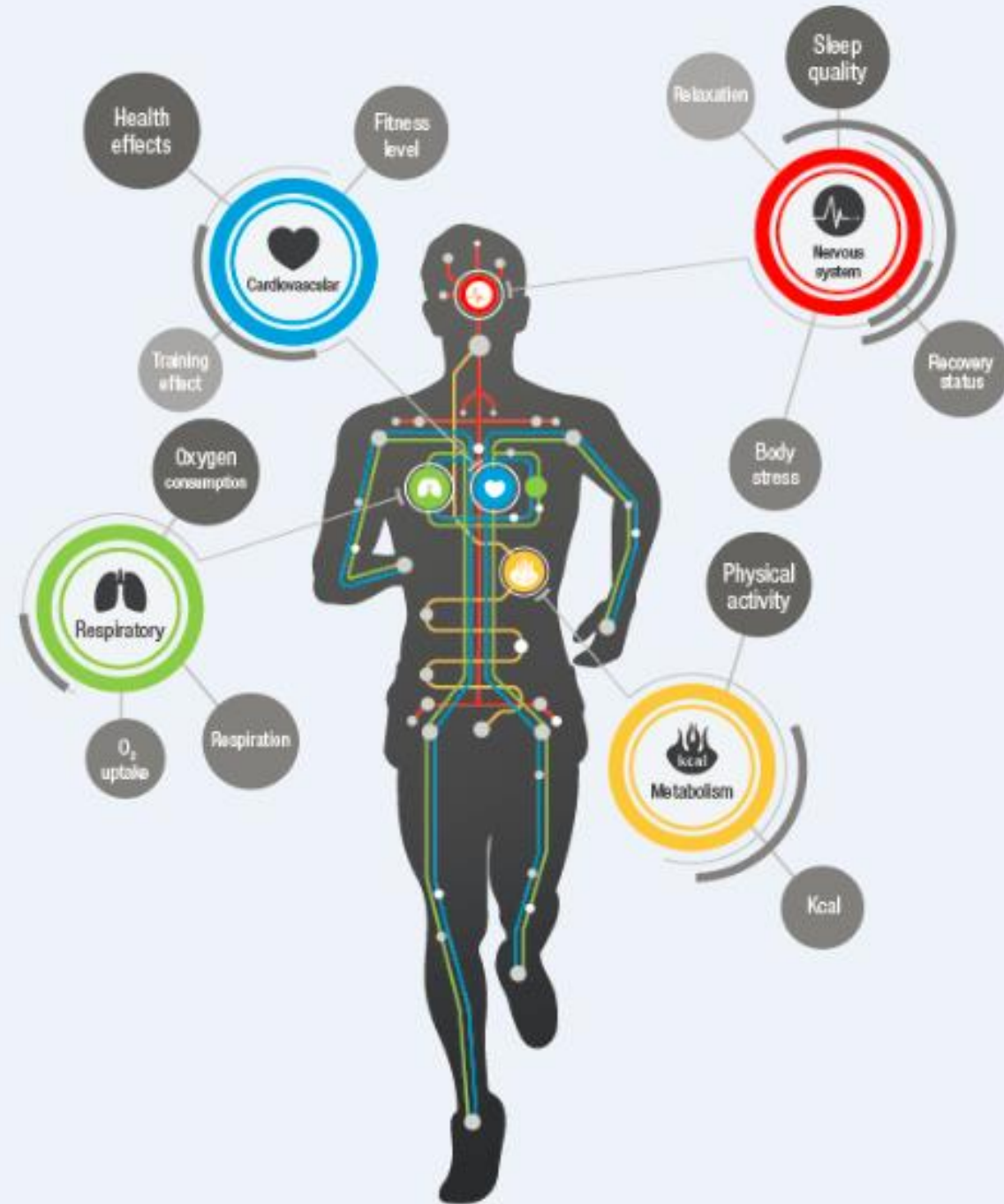
TERMINOLOGY



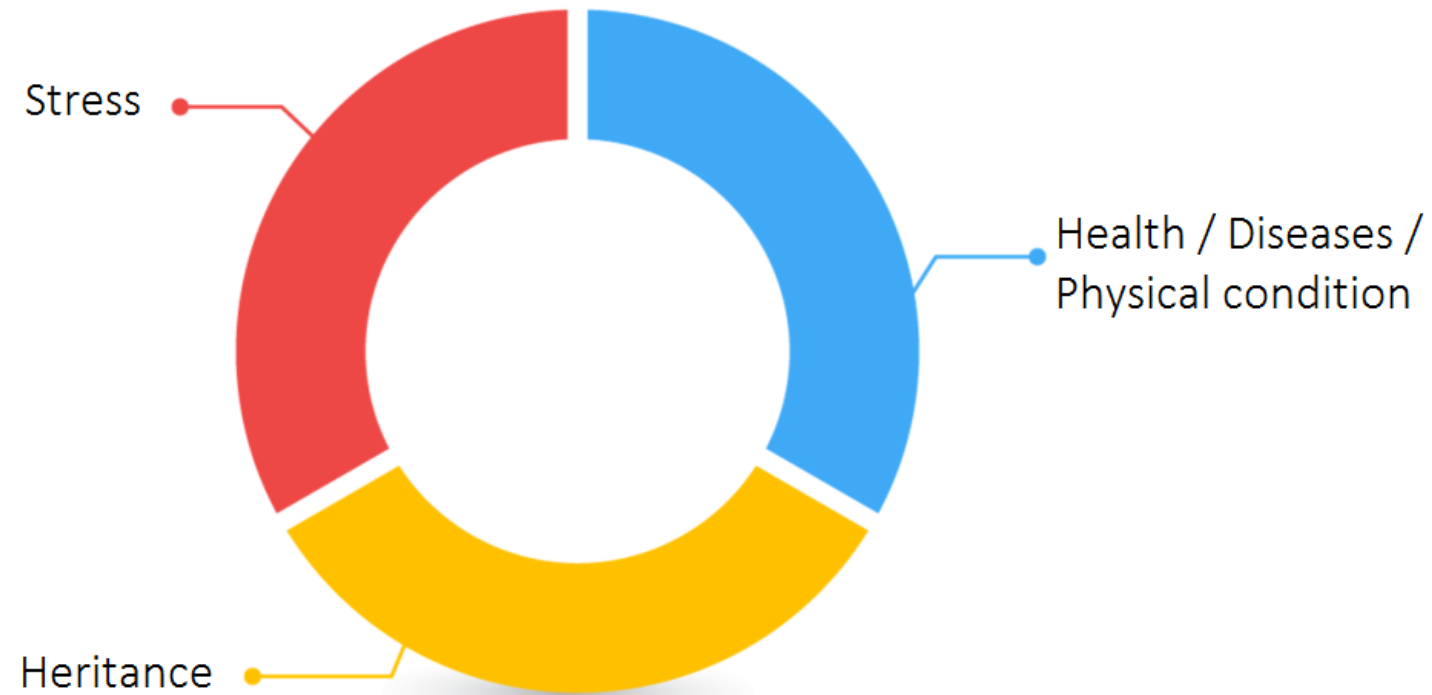
- **Heart rate (HR):** heartbeat frequency as beats per minute (bpm)
- **Heartbeat (R-R interval):** time between consecutive heartbeats (R-waves) in milliseconds (ms)
- **Heart rate variability (HRV):** beat-to-beat variation in the time between consecutive R-R intervals

HEART RATE VARIABILITY: A WINDOW TO THE BODY

- The heart reacts to constantly changing situations via the autonomic nervous system, by causing variation in the time between consecutive heartbeats.
- At rest and during relaxation, HRV increases, whereas during some kind of stress, HRV decreases.
- Many factors affect HRV, such as age, physical fitness, health status, and different stressors.
- In general, high HRV is considered a sign of a healthy heart, whereas low values can indicate internal or external stress or weak recovery.



FACTORS AFFECTING HEART RATE VARIABILITY



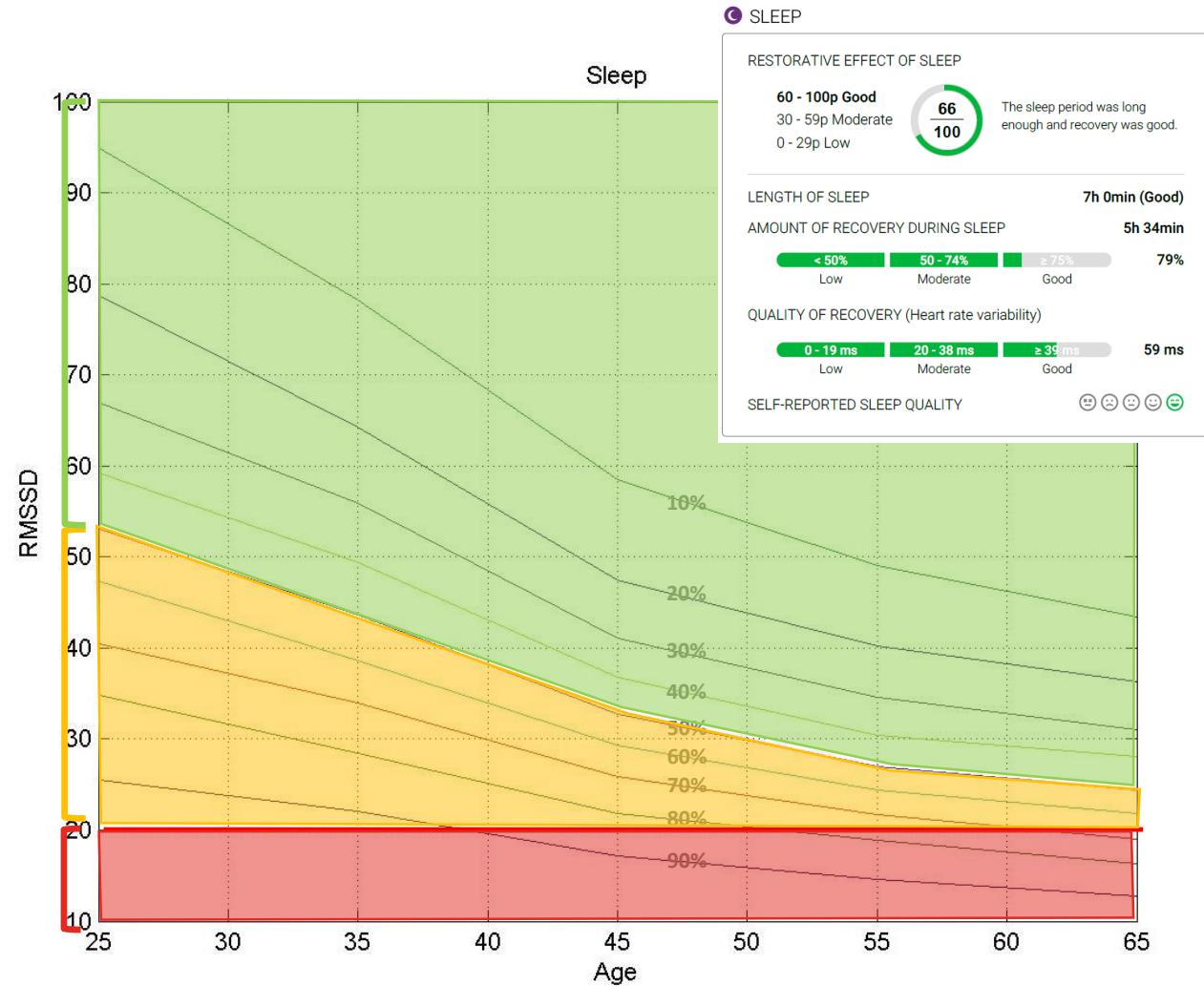
(Lindholm 2007)

EFFECT OF AGE ON HEART RATE VARIABILITY

Good
RMSSD is in the highest
50% of your age group
average

Moderate
RMSSD is between 10 and
50% of your age group
average

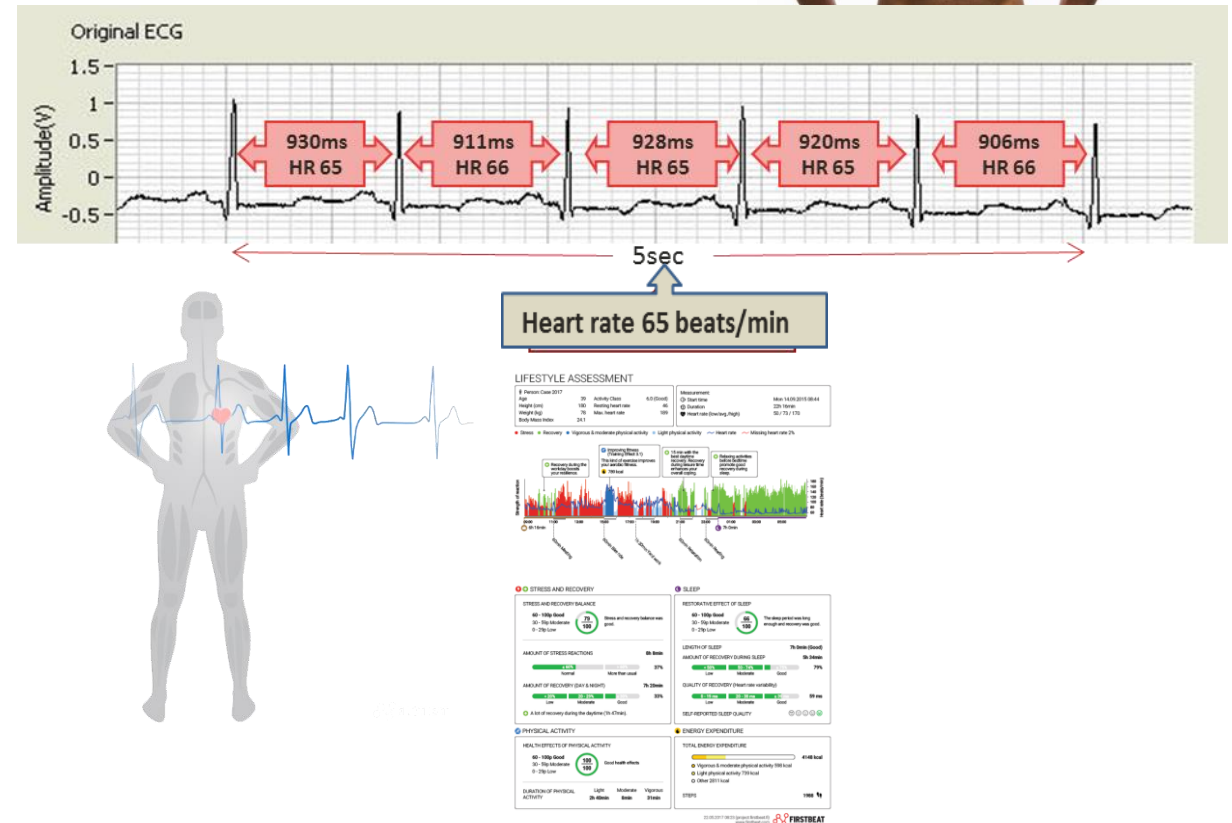
Poor
RMSSD is in the lowest
10% of your age group
average



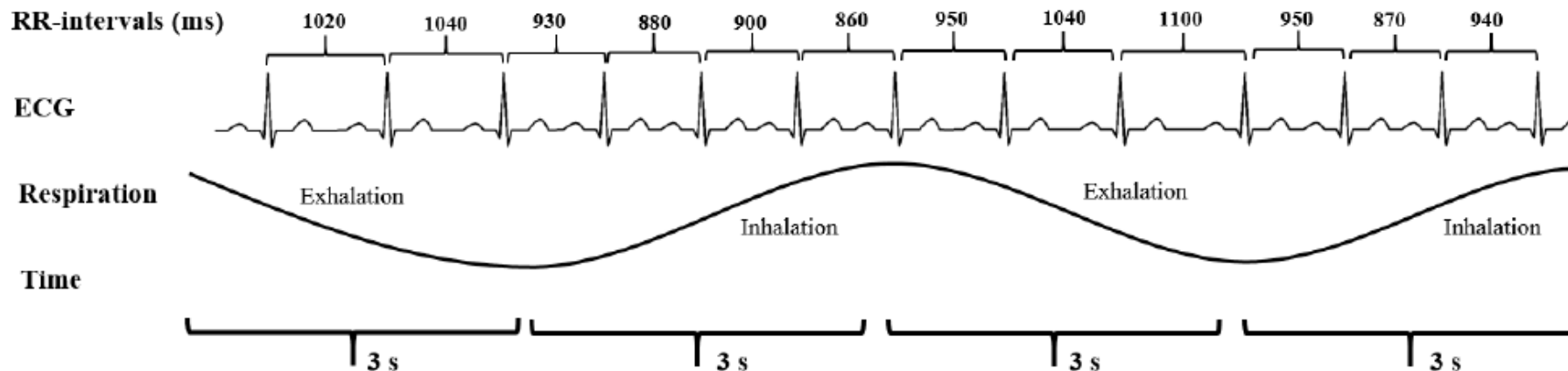
MEASURING HEART RATE VARIABILITY



- Bodyguard 2 device records every heartbeat and the time between beats in milliseconds (ms).
- Heartbeat data is uploaded from the Bodyguard to Lifestyle Assessment for analysis
- HRV is used to estimate:
 - respiration frequency
 - oxygen uptake
 - energy expenditure
 - training effect (EPOC)
 - recovery and stress
- Read more about Firstbeat's physiological modeling: [White papers](#)



EFFECT OF RESPIRATION ON HEART RATE VARIABILITY

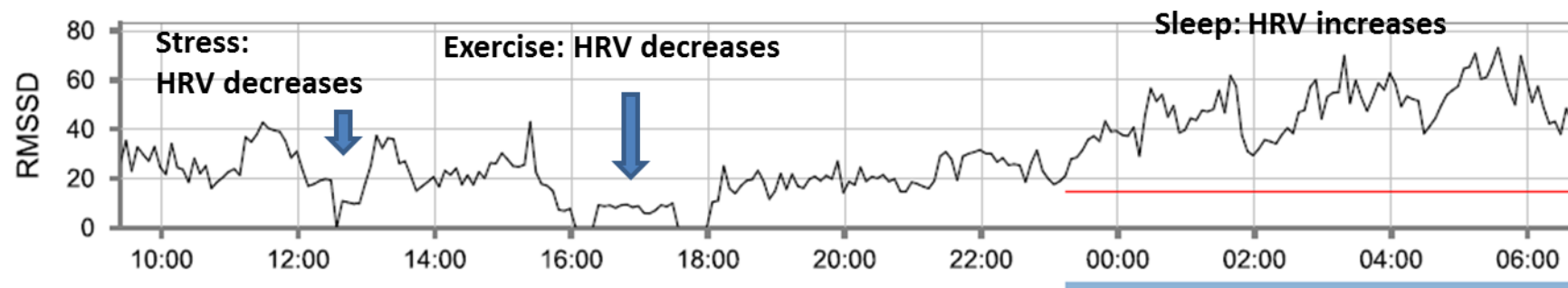
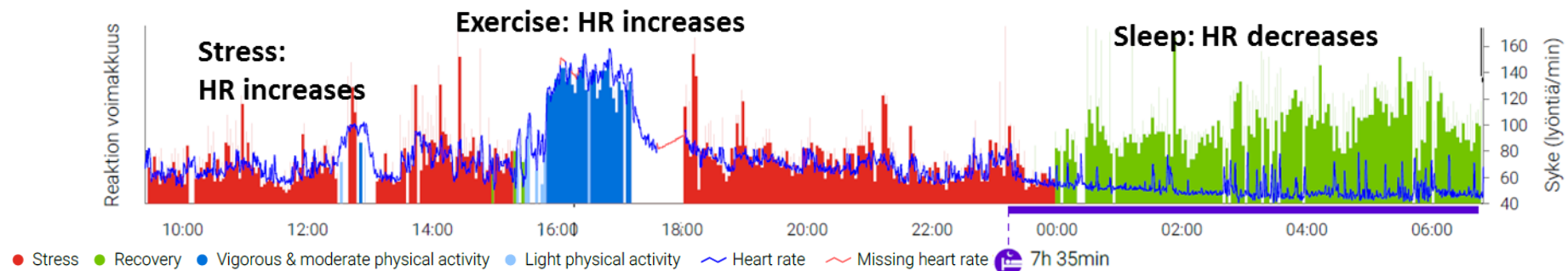


The image demonstrates how the cyclic variation of breathing (RSA respiratory sinus arrhythmia) affects heart rate variability.

Exhalation:	HR drops	HRV increases
Inhalation:	HR increases	HRV decreases

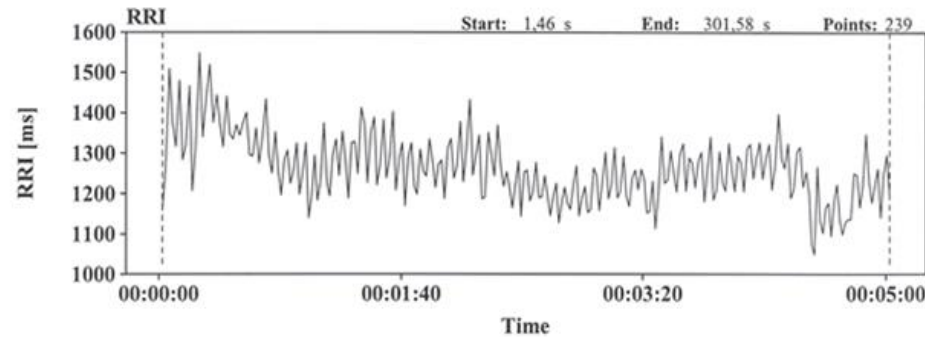
WHEN HR DROPS, HRV GETS BIGGER

- Heart rate (HR) and heart rate variability (HRV) typically have an inverse relationship. When heart rate drops, HRV increases, and vice versa.
- HRV increases during rest and relaxation and decreases when there is some kind of load, for example stress or physical activity.



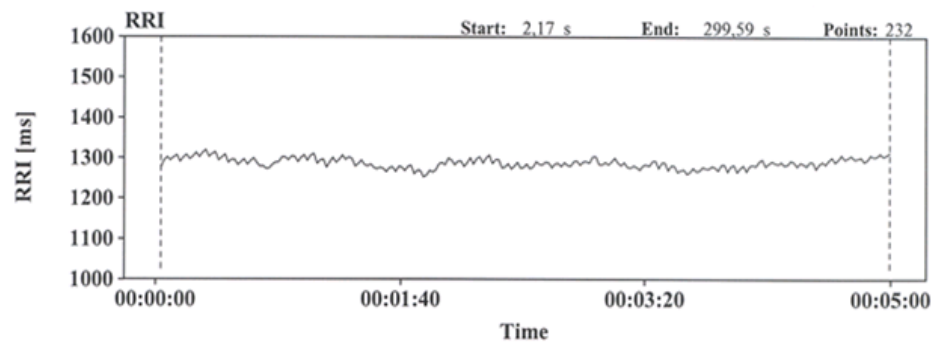
HEART RATE ALONE DOES NOT REVEAL OVERLOAD

HRV is weakened by various stressors, such as stress, sleep problems, illnesses, medications, alcohol, poor physical condition, overweight and **overtraining**.



Before overtraining:

- Avg. HR 48
- Avg. HRV 82 ms
- HRV is great → indicates good recovery and health



2 months later:

- Avg. HR 47 bpm
- Avg. HRV 12 ms
- HRV drops dramatically: obvious signs of overload / no signs of recovery

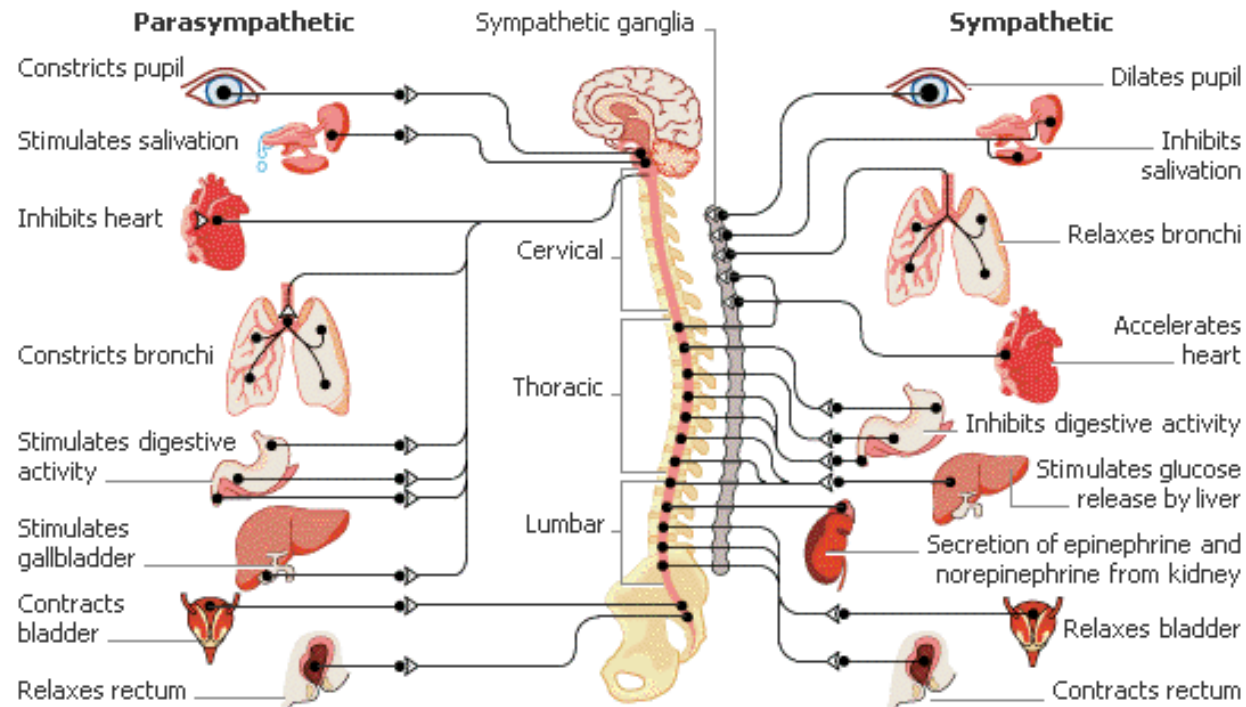
AUTONOMIC NERVOUS SYSTEM REGULATES HEART RATE

Parasympathetic nervous system

Calms down bodily functions

- Heart rate ↓
- Heart rate variability ↑

-> Recovery

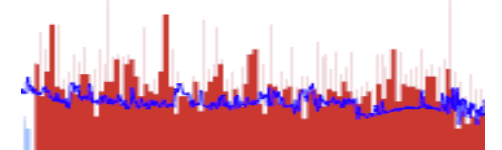


Sympathetic nervous system

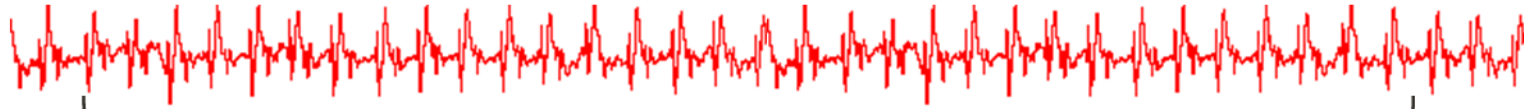
Speeds up bodily functions

- Heart rate ↑
- Heart rate variability ↓

-> Stress reactions



DIGITAL MODEL OF BODY'S REACTIONS



Σ

HRV indexes, respiration frequency, VO2 etc...

Does the segment contain physical activity?
(%VO2max...)

YES

Physical activity

Does the segment contain signs of recovery?
(%HRmax, HRV...)

YES

Recovery

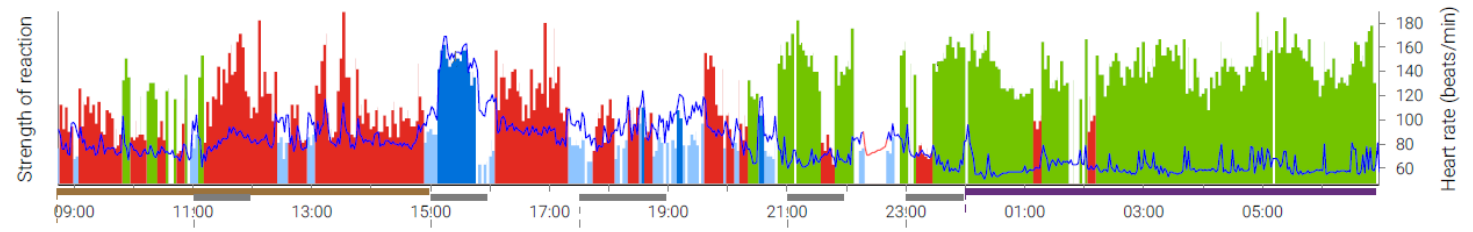
Does the segment contain signs of stress?
(%HRmax, HRV, respiration...)

YES

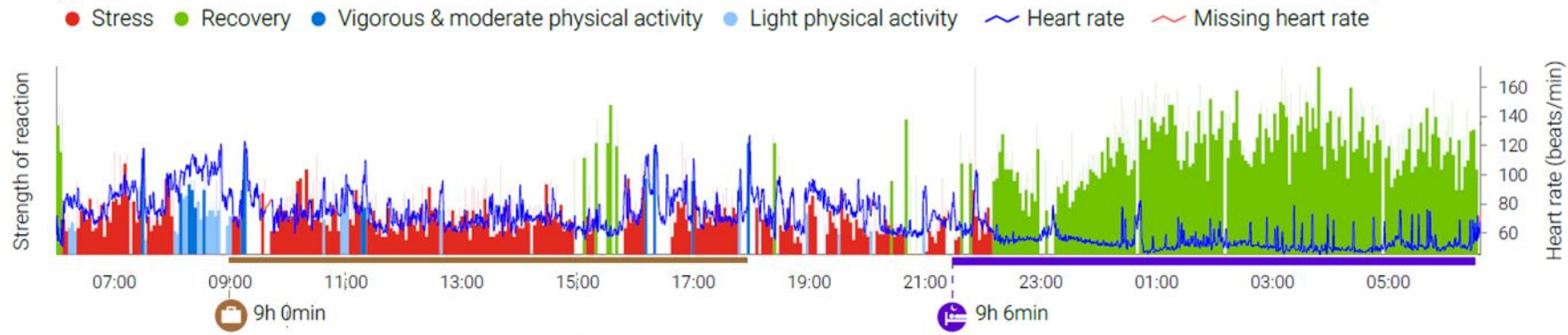
Stress

NO

Other state

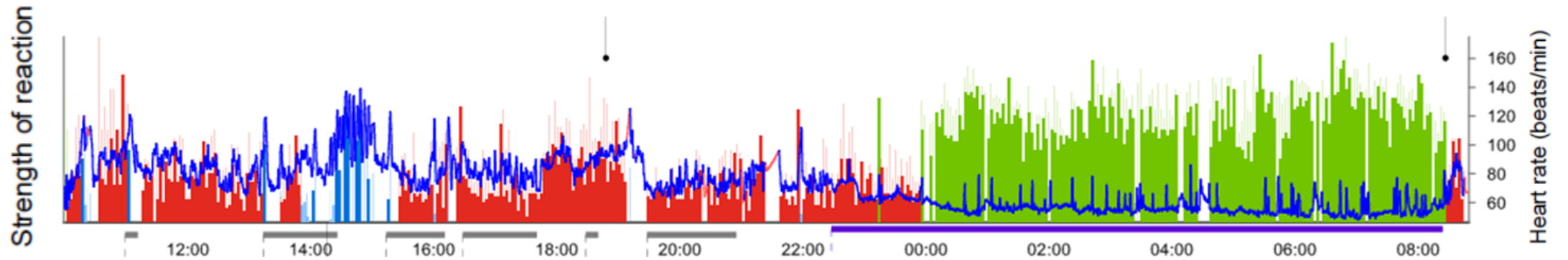


DEFINITION OF PHYSIOLOGICAL STATES



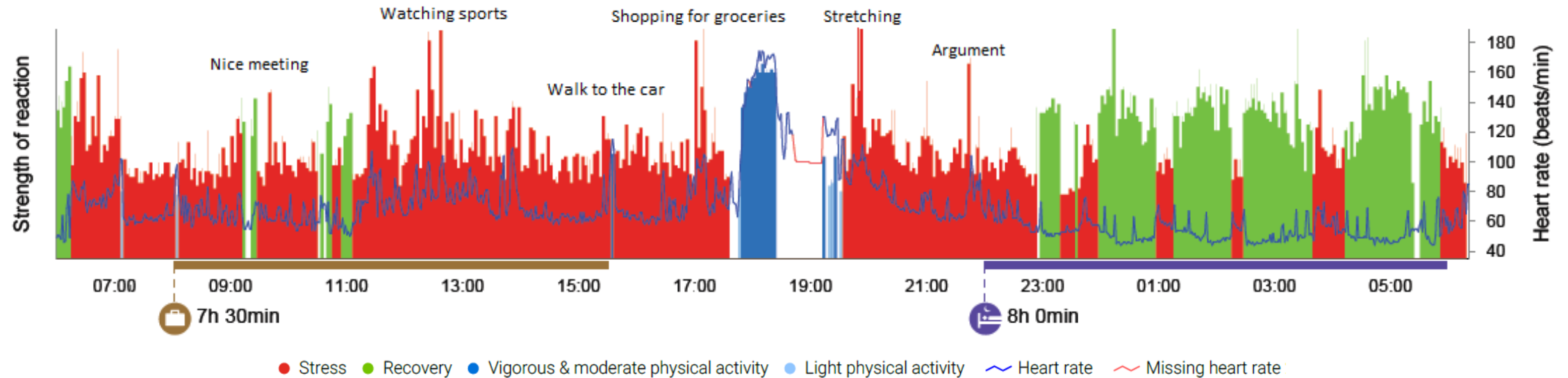
● Stress reaction	● Recovery	●● Physical activity	Other state
<p>Increased activation level in the body. The reaction can be positive or negative. Sympathetic dominance.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heart rate ↑ Respiration frequency ↑ Heart rate variability ↓ Oxygen uptake <20% of maximal capacity (VO2max) 	<p>Calming down of the body. Parasympathetic dominance.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heart rate ↓ Respiration frequency ↓ Heart rate variability ↑ Oxygen uptake <20% of maximal capacity (VO2max) 	<p>Physical load during which energy expenditure is significantly increased from the resting level (over 2 MET).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vigorous physical activity: an intensity of over 60% Moderate physical activity: an intensity between 40-60% Light physical activity: an intensity between 20-40% of maximal performance 	<p>Other state (white) is typically:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recovery from exercise Low-level physical activity Short awakenings during sleep Missing data periods (for example during a shower)

STRESS AND RECOVERY IN FIRSTBEAT REPORTS



- The result reflects changes that take place in the autonomic nervous system.
- When the activation level is elevated, the activity of the sympathetic nervous system increases → a stress reaction.
- Time periods when the parasympathetic nervous system is dominant are identified as recovery.
- There is no right or wrong way to react to a situation! It's more essential to determine if the reaction is meaningful (e.g. whether recovery state is seen during a relaxation activity or sleep).

FIRSTBEAT ANALYSIS DOES NOT DIFFERENTIATE BETWEEN POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE STRESS



CAUSES OF STRESS / STRESS REACTIONS

Physical stressors (internal)

- Fatigue
- Overload / overtraining
- Burnout
- Pain
- Acute infections
- Chronic illness
- Dehydration
- Digestion
- Pregnancy

Physical stressors (external)

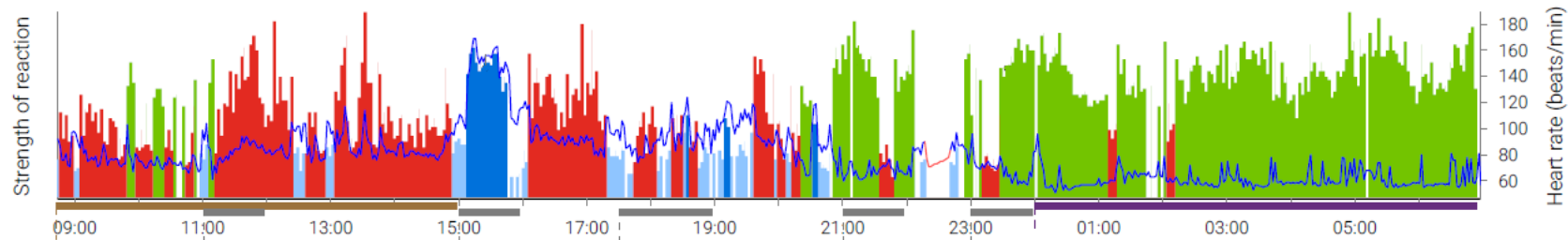
- Heavy exercise training
- Lack of sleep
- Physical workload
- Stimulants e.g. coffee
- Medications
- Alcohol or other substances, hangover
- Sauna
- Temperature, noise, altitude
- Jetlag

Psychological stressors

- Anxiety, depression, sorrow
- Negative emotions
- Traumatic events
- Work stress
- Psychological conditions
- Fear, tension
- Relationship problems
- Excitement e.g. falling in love

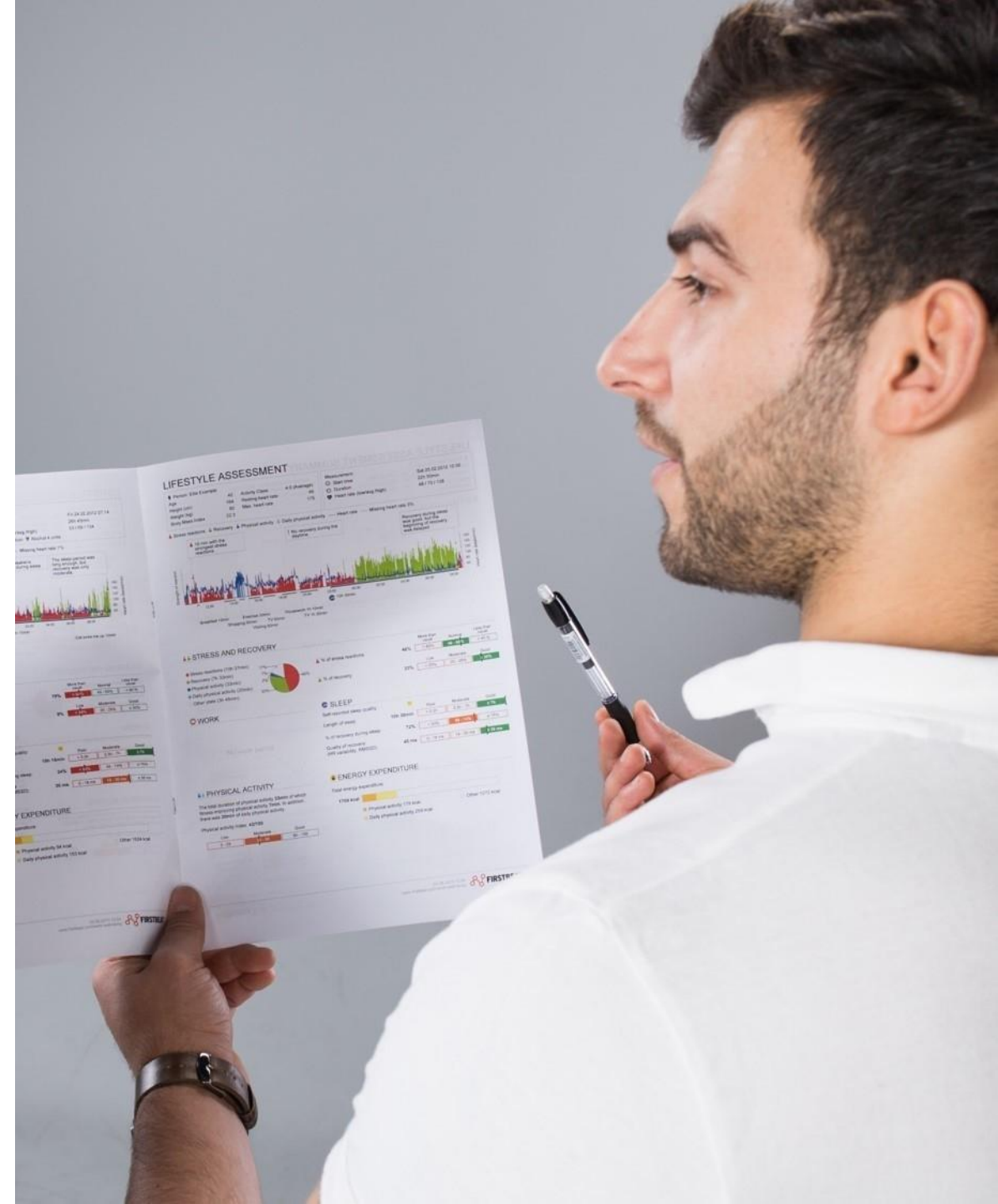
Social stressors

- Pressures
- Lack of social support
- Presentation / speech
- Fear of social situations



REVIEW

- What is Lifestyle Assessment based on (what does the BG2 measure)?
- What information does Lifestyle Assessment tell about your client?
- What are the 5 physiological values that the analysis utilizes to differentiate between stress, recovery and exercise?





CONDUCTING THE LIFESTYLE ASSESSMENT



WHO IS LIFESTYLE ASSESSMENT SUITABLE FOR?

- Key personnel and executive teams
- Wellness programs for entire personnel
- Annual health checks, for example
 - People who travel a lot
 - Shift workers
- As part of targeted wellness initiatives
 - Stress management
 - Weight loss
 - Exercise



LIFESTYLE ASSESSMENT STEPS



1

MEASURE

Physiological snapshot of everyday life (3 days and nights)

93% of users:
"The measurement was easy to conduct"



2

PERSONAL REPORT

+ Anonymous group report for employer



3

EXPERT FEEDBACK

Personal advice for improving well-being and performance



4

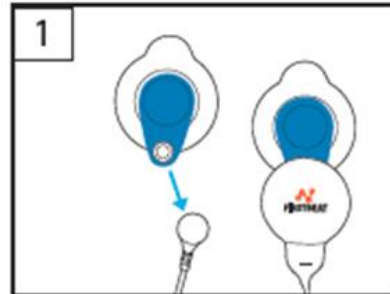
FOLLOW-UP OF CHANGE

82% of users felt that they were able to improve stress management, exercise and/or quality of sleep.

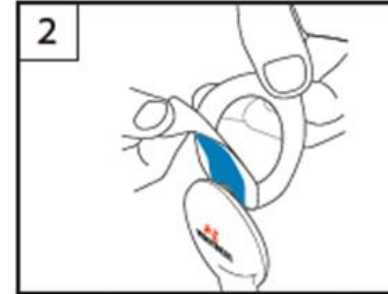
ACCURATE MEASUREMENT, EASY TO CONDUCT

Firstbeat Bodyguard 2:

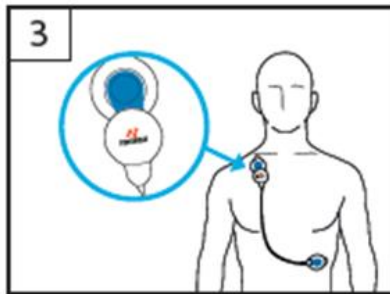
- Starts automatically when attached
- Accurate heartbeat collection 1ms (1000 Hz)
- Storage capacity 20 days
- Rechargeable battery, duration about 6 days
- Data upload and battery charging via USB port



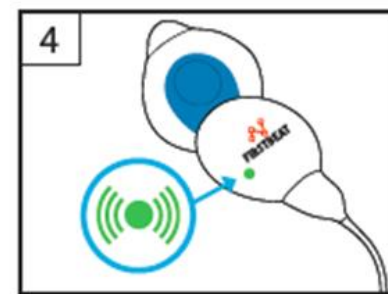
1
Attach the electrodes to the snaps in the Bodyguard 2 device.



2
Remove the protective covering of the electrodes. Ensure that your skin is clean and dry before you attach the electrode.



3
Attach the device to the **right** side of the body below the collar bone. The other end is attached to the **left** side on the rib cage.



4
The measurement starts automatically when the device is attached. Make sure the green light is blinking. Note! The light is easiest to see in the dark.



It is not allowed to use the device in the water.
Detach the device during shower, sauna and swimming.
The measurement continues automatically when you re-attach it.



PLEASE NOTE THIS ABOUT ILLNESSES AND OTHER CONDITIONS

Lifestyle Assessment results can be unreliable and we do not recommend the measurement if the client has:

- A pace maker
- Heart transplant or a difficult heart condition
- Chronic atrial fibrillation / atrial flutter
- Uncontrolled thyroid dysfunction
- High fever (it's better to postpone the measurement if you have fever)

If you have one of the following conditions, you can make the measurement, but please note that the results **can** be difficult to interpret or unreliable:

- Bundle branch block
- Coronary heart disease with angioplasty or bypass surgery
- Chronic neurologic disease (MS, Alzheimer, Parkinson)
- Diagnosed severe depression or exhaustion (medicated)
- Pregnancy

NOTE! Firstbeat Lifestyle Assessment is used to promote personal well-being, and is not designed for diagnosing illnesses.

FEEDBACK SESSION – INDIVIDUAL OR GROUP?

- **Goal:**
 - Come up with key conclusions about the result (stress, recovery, physical activity)
 - Set goals and come up with action points / recommendations
- **Time need:**
 - Individual feedback 30-60 min
 - Group feedback session app. 60-75 min
- **Example of the feedback process:**
 - Establish the goal of the measurement, client's starting point and expectations.
 - Discuss the reports & result, reflecting on the client's own feelings and life situation (e.g. illnesses, medications and current "stress status").
 - Come up with key conclusions
 - **Set goals that support well-being and plan concrete action steps.**
 - Agree on possible next meeting / follow-up.

LIFESTYLE ASSESSMENT MODELS

 FIRSTBEAT  SERVICE PROVIDER

OWN DEVICES



CENTER



IMPORTANT ABOUT DATA SECURITY

- Each Firstbeat Specialist is only allowed to open his/her own measurements or the profiles / measurements of his/her own clients.
- Each action that a Specialist does in the Firstbeat Lifestyle Assessment program (such as opening a measurement or a report) leaves a track in the program – and the Admin user of the account can check this, if needed.



CHECKLIST FOR THE SPECIALIST – OWN DEVICES

- Decide the measurement schedule together with the client
 - Record the recommended measurement dates in the Info letter
 - see example Info letter in Learning Center
- Prepare the assessment
 - See *How to conduct Firstbeat Lifestyle Assessment to a client*
- Provide each person who is doing the measurement
 - Bodyguard 2 measurement device
 - Electrodes (at least 8 for a 3-day measurement)
 - Info letter
- Once the devices are returned, analyze the data and create reports
 - More info: Learning Center – Lifestyle assessment manuals and videos
- Provide feedback to the client as agreed.





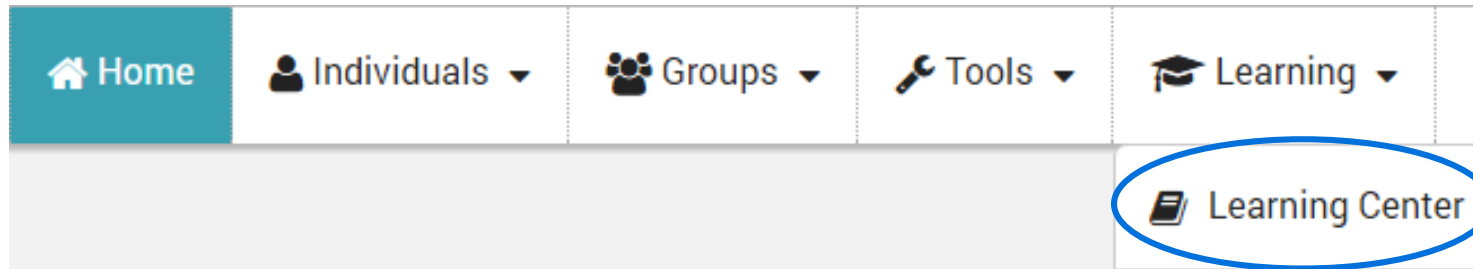
GUIDELINES FOR THE SELF-STUDY PERIOD



TO-DO BEFORE THE NEXT TRAINING SESSION

1. Conduct a Lifestyle Assessment (3-day measurement) and provide feedback to 2 people (family / friend / colleague).

Instructions: Learning Center – Materials for download – Materials for your own learning – Lifestyle Assessment to a client (*- Center, if you are using the Center model*)

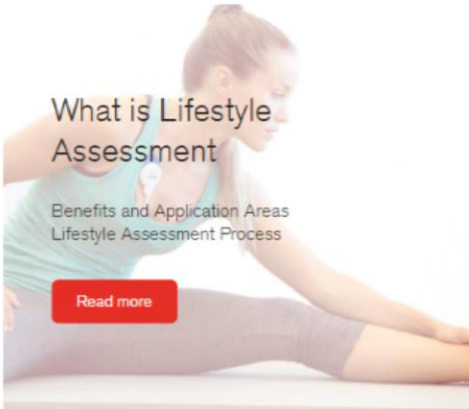

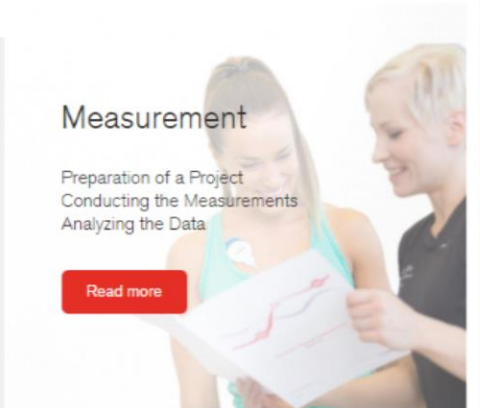
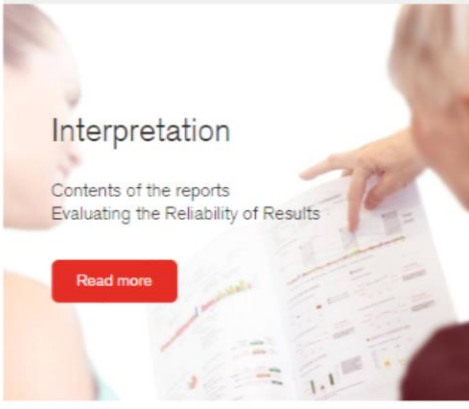
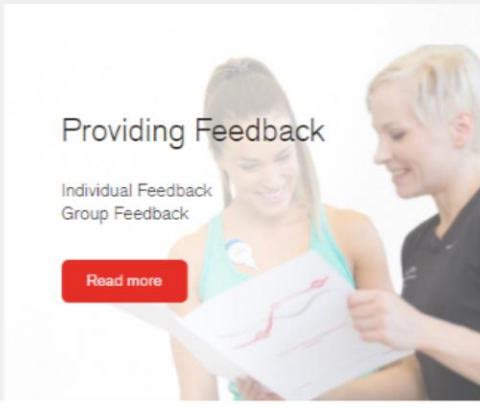



2. Please listen to 1-2 webinar podcasts that you feel will best support your learning.

DEEPEN YOUR KNOWHOW IN THE LEARNING CENTER

Lifestyle Assessment Home page → Learning / Learning Center

Home	Individuals ▾	Groups ▾	Tools ▾	Learning ▾
				Learning Center

 <h3>What is Lifestyle Assessment</h3> <p>Benefits and Application Areas Lifestyle Assessment Process</p> <p>Read more</p>	 <h3>Physiological Background</h3> <p>Basis of Heartbeat Analysis Autonomic Nervous System and Heart Rate Variability</p> <p>Read more</p>	 <h3>Measurement</h3> <p>Preparation of a Project Conducting the Measurements Analyzing the Data</p> <p>Read more</p>
 <h3>Interpretation</h3> <p>Contents of the reports Evaluating the Reliability of Results</p> <p>Read more</p>	 <h3>Providing Feedback</h3> <p>Individual Feedback Group Feedback</p> <p>Read more</p>	 <h3>Sales and Marketing Strategies</h3> <p>How to sell and promote the Lifestyle Assessment to your clients.</p> <p>Read more</p>

FIRSTBEAT SUPPORT ANSWERS YOUR QUESTIONS

<https://www.firstbeat.com/en/support/> → Firstbeat for Partners

The screenshot shows a website layout for 'Support'. At the top is a dark header with the word 'Support' in white. Below the header, the page is divided into four quadrants by a light gray cross. The top-left quadrant is titled 'Help Center' and contains text about the help center and training tips, with a red 'Read more' button. The top-right quadrant is titled 'Contact Support' and lists contact methods (email, phone, chat) and support hours for international and US toll-free numbers, with a red 'Read more' button. The bottom-left quadrant is titled 'Firstbeat for Partners' and describes resources for Lifestyle Assessment Professional Users, with a red 'Read more' button. The bottom-right quadrant is titled 'Report a Faulty Device' and has a red 'Read more' button. At the bottom of the page, there are four dark gray buttons: 'Contact us', 'Find Your Local Provider', 'License Firstbeat into your product', and 'Support & FAQ'.

Support

Help Center

The Firstbeat Help Center with useful help topics, articles and discussion forums.

Training tips, tutorial videos and instant answers for the most common questions.

[Read more](#)

Contact Support

Contact Support by email, phone, chat or by submitting the Support Ticket.

Email: support@firstbeat.com
International: +358 8 415 415 41, Mon-Fri 9am-4pm (GMT +2)
US toll-free: +1 855 408 7404 (for team sports), 6am-2pm (EST)

[Read more](#)

Firstbeat for Partners

Everything from learning to materials for Lifestyle Assessment Professional Users.

We're here to make better experience for your clients.

[Read more](#)

Report a Faulty Device

[Read more](#)

[Contact us](#) [Find Your Local Provider](#)

[License Firstbeat into your product](#) [Support & FAQ](#)

SPECIALIST: MATERIALS TO HAVE

- **To support your own learning:**

- Guides: Professional user's own assessment, Lifestyle Assessment to a client
- Guide: Lifestyle Assessment Key Conclusions
- Guide: Providing feedback – individual session
- Additional info from Specialist manuals

- **Conducting an assessment to your clients:**

- Group projects: Info meeting presentation
- Group projects: Group feedback slide presentation

- **Marketing:**

- Firstbeat Marketing and Salesslide presentations
- Firstbeat logo, product images and other materials: <https://partners.firstbeat.com/en/extra-materials/marketing-materials/>
- <https://partners.firstbeat.com/app/uploads/2015/09/Firstbeat-Partner-Brand-Guidelines-20161.pdf>





THANK YOU

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Firstbeat Technologies



Firstbeat Technologies Ltd



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